The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833. MONDAY, JAN. 4, 1897. PRICE TWO CENTS.

OUR BIG SALE

Reopens at the

Arcade Store

again this morning, with greater bargains than ever. This great stock of fine Dry Goods, etc., seems yet unbroken, although thousands of customers have been fortunate in securing some of the splendid offerings. This sale will continue until everything is sold and it would be advisable to come now while the cream of the stock is yet on hand.

Geo. DeWald & Co.

$10000.00

TO LOAN,

From $10 to any amount.

On furniture, pianos, store fixtures, or any available security.

Everything left in your possession, you can pay it back in weekly or monthly payments.

All business private and confidential. We give you the lowest rates, so don't fail to call and get our terms if you want a loan.

INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

Rooms 5 & 6, Foellinger Block,

36 Calhoun St.

MENSCH'S GROCERY.

Sugars Down!

Granulated Sugar, 4 1-2c.

A Sugar, 4c.

C Sugar, 3 1-2c.

Best Creamery Butter, 24c.

Best Dairy Butter, 18c.

Strictly Fresh Eggs, 15c.

Washington Naval Oranges 40c dozen.

California Oranges, 25c dozen.

Best Lemons, 15c dozen.

Dressed Chickens.

Dressed Turkeys.

Dressed Ducks and Geese.

Fine Candies and Nuts of all kinds.

MENSCH'S,

26 Calhoun Street. Phone. 254.

Extraordinary Christmas Sales!

We all grumble at the slowness of the revival in business, but a comparison of the sales of our store for the fifteen days preceding Christmas shows a very great gain since 1893, the year of the panic.

Our sales for those fifteen days this year over 1895, show a gain of two per cent.

This year over 1894, a gain of thirty-five per cent.

This year over 1893, a gain of one hundred and five per cent.

Our store is always a favorite shopping place for Birthday, Wedding and Holiday gifts, for we always show such an enormous and such an artistic assortment of articles suitable for such uses that few ever think of purchasing elsewhere.

Foster Furniture Co.

NO DINNER COMPLETE—

Without a Can of

PREMIER

Corn,
Succotash,
Tomatoes,
Peas,
Stringless Beans,
Lima Beans,
Baked Beans,
Asparagus, whole
Asparagus Tips,
Grated Pineapple

Sliced Peaches,
White Cherries,
Lemon C Peaches,
Yellow Crawford
Peeled Appricots
Bartlett Pears,
Egg Plums,
Sliced Pineapple

Inspection and Trial Order solicited from the largest and most complete line of high class Canned Goods, Table Delicacies, Fine Teas and Coffees, Choicest Meats, Poultry, Game, etc., etc., at

JOHN N. PFEIFFER,

40 and 44 W. Berry St.

'Phone 376.

SMITH ON TRIAL

Charged With the Murder of Young George Frech.

A Big Crowd in Attendance the First Day.

The Prisoner Does Not Seem to Realize His Position.

At 12:35 This Afternoon the Attorneys Agreed on a Jury Composed Entirely of Farmers.

Interest centers this week in the case of the state against Claude F. Smith, who is on trial in the circuit court charged with having murdered George Frech, a boy fifteen years of age, on the night of the 10th of October last.

The particulars of the fiendish deed will be recalled by THE SENTINEL's readers, for they were extensively written up at the time.

George Frech, aged fifteen years, was an employe of the Bass Foundry and Machine works and lived at No. 8 Romy avenue, on the east side of the St. Joe river, just on the outskirts of Lakeside. On the 10th of October young Frech left the foundry about 5 o'clock in the evening with his month's wages, $16.10, in his pockets. He was bright and cheerful, happy as a lark and there was no suspicion in his mind that never again would he return to work. The lad did not reach home that evening and the parents were fearful that something had happened to him. The next morning he failed to put in an appearance and the police were notified and immediately began a search for the missing boy. The parents requested a boy named Brannon, son of a neighbor, to take a boat and search the river banks. About two squares north of the Lakeside bridge Brannon saw the toes of a human being protruding from the water and pulling the boat up to the place he found the body of Frech just below the surface of the water. The remains were taken from the river and a hasty examination showed that he had been robbed. His pay envelope was found lying near by and the $16.10 was gone. There were no marks of violence visible at the time, but near by was found an empty bottle which had contained chloroform. It was supposed that he had been waylaid and the chloroform held to his nostrils until he was unconscious, when he was robbed and the body thrown into the river.

There was no clue to the perpetrator of the foul deed, but the police immediately commenced a thorough investigation, and by noon of Sunday had what they considered evidence enough to shadow Claude S. Smith, son of J. Sion Smith, who resided with his parents in Lakeside. Smith's father worked at the Bass foundry and young Smith frequently visited the institution. Arthur Worman, conductor on a Lakeside car, stated that about 8 o'clock of the evening of October 10, Claude Smith boarded his car to come over to the city, and in payment of his fare offered a $10 bill. Worman could not make the change and then Smith offered him a $5 bill. Worman could not make the change for this bill, and reaching into his pocket again Smith pulled out some small change and paid the fare. Later in the evening Smith returned to Lakeside on the same car, dressed in a new suit of clothes and carried a bundle under his arm. He never carried any considerable sum of money and the police believe that this was the money taken from young Frech's pay envelope, although the defense, it is asserted, will introduce evidence that the money was given Smith by his father.

A boy named John Koch and another lad named Brinkman claim to have seen Smith loitering about the river bank a few minutes before it is supposed that Frech would have passed. Christian Piepenbrink was driving along the St. Joe river in a buggy and he, too, claims to have seen Smith lounging about as if waiting for somebody. Mr. Baker, who lives on the outskirts of the city also claims to have seen Smith along the river banks between 5 and 6 o'clock on October 10.

The last time Frech was seen alive was about 5:30 near the corner of Clay and Main streets. He was walking leisurely along swinging a dinner bucket.

Monday, October 12, Captain Borgman arrested Smith at his home in Lakeside and took him to the police station, where he was kept under surveillance until late at night. The prisoner denied all knowledge of the crime, but refused to talk or explain his exact whereabouts on the evening of the murder. All efforts to get him to confess or say that he knew anything at all about the crime were unavailing except when at one time during the cross-questioning he remarked that he saw two men near the place where the body was found and they may have been the murderers.

Smith was sent to jail to await a preliminary hearing, which was not completed until October 20. Hon. W. G. Colerick and E. V. Emrick were employed to defend him and Attorney Henry Colerick to assist Prosecutor Doughman. The preliminary was held before Mayor Scherer, who, after hearing the evidence as skeletonized above, bound Smith over to the grand jury without bail. During the session of the grand jury in December an indictment was returned against the prisoner for murder in the first degree, and when he was arraigned in court Judge O'Rourke set the trial for January 4, 1897.

The attorneys asked for a special venire of fifty men and the jury commissioners last month drew the following names from which the jury will be selected:

S. J. Montgomery, Monroe.
Solomon Kell, Perry.
John Gebhart, Wayne.
William Peters, Adams.
Charles Boeker, city.
Jacob Mock, Madison.
Nathan Glasier, Perry.
Tony Snider, Springfield.
Amherst Miller, jr., Milan.
Wm. H. Brudi, Washington.
Charles Dunn, Lake.
Michael Schnetgers, Washington.
Carl B. Seibet, Wayne.
Thomas Covington, Aboit.
Joseph Beamer, city.
Harvey Fitch, Perry.
Michael Orr, city.
Frederick Hitzeman, Washington.
Wm. F. Hogan, Lake.
David F. Opdyke, Cedar Creek.
James Ake, Wayne.
O. S. Hanna, Wayne.
Abraham Vanzil, Cedar Creek.
Nicholas Christina, Pleasant.
William Hilderman, city.
William Pio, Jackson.
Samuel Clem, Monroe.
Cosma Krome, Pleasant.
A. B. Riblet, Springfield.
William Gallmeyer, Adams.
John Bogar, Springfield.
James F. Fell, Pleasant.
W. C. Howey, Cedar Creek.
H. Clay Taylor, city.
John McConnell, Jackson.
George Hake, Marion.
Sylvester Sipher, Milan.
Charles Tilden, Perry.
William Cartright, Lake.
Samuel Zimmerman, Cedar Creek.
Conrad Tielker, Wayne.
Henry Hoffman, Madison.
Henry Jennings, Springfield.
John F. Myers, St. Jos.
C. H. Rose, Scipio.
John Ryan, Jefferson.
William Adams, Adams.
David Lawrence, Lafayette.
John Gruber, Lafayette.
Solomon Daly, Perry.

TRIAL COMMENCED.

The circuit court room was packed to the doors this morning with spectators who wanted to see the prisoner, Claude S. Smith, and hear the testimony, if any was introduced. The room is not a very large one, but there were at least 400 persons present and they represented all walks and conditions of life.

The prisoner sat just in front of the railing, his father, J. Sion Smith, at his side. He was the most unconcerned person in the room, and if he realized the awful charge against him and the fact that his life was at stake he failed to show it. He was dressed in a dull gray suit of clothing, had on brown shoes, a white shirt and collar and a small striped necktie. The suit of clothing Smith wears is the one supposed to have been purchased with the money taken from George Frech the night of the murder.

Smith did not display the greatest interest in the selection of the jury, although he listened attentively to the answers of the different jurymen to the questions propounded by the attorneys on each side. He did, however, pay especial attention to all the rulings of Judge O'Rourke.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Frech, parents of the murdered lad, were in the court room and occupied chairs in front of the railing about ten feet from the prisoner. The mother was dressed in deep mourning and her face was veiled during the impaneling of the jury. The father was an attentive listener to all the proceedings.

As in the preliminary hearing, Prosecutor Doughman and Henry Colerick represented the state and Hon. W. G. Colerick and E. V. Emrick appeared for for the defendant. Henry Colerick did the questioning and challenging of the jury for the state and W. G. Colerick for the defense.

The special venire of fifty were all present in the court room and the selection of a jury was a long and tedious task. The regular panel were in their seats, but before the attorneys had a satisfactory jury they were nearly all in the audience having been challenged by either one or the other side either for cause or peremptorily.

There were many funny incidents during the selection of the jury, and Samuel Zimmerman created a big laugh at one answer to a question

[CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.]

HIGH TARIFF.

Tobacco Raisers Want a Prohibitory Law.

Importation of Leaf Tobacco From Sumatra Paralyzes the Industry in America.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—The tobacco schedule was the subject of the hearings before the ways and means committee today. Michael Topin, of Baldwinsville, N. Y., representing the New York State Tobacco Growers' association, said the tobacco growers were badly in need of relief. They had expended vast sums in warehouse, etc., and until the importation of Sumatra began had been fairly prosperous. Tobacco farms were then worth $125 an acre. Such farms are now generally mortgaged and would not today liquidate their encumbrances. He did not think it fair that the Holland syndicate, which employed coolie labor at twelve cents a day, should be allowed to annihilate the great leaf tobacco industry in this country. He denied that American leaf was not suitable for wrappers. Sumatra, he said, had no merit, except its appearance. He complained of the elastic language in the act of 1894, and said the schedule in the act of 1890 would be satisfactory. The consumer, he said, would not be injured by an adequate duty, but would get his cigars at the same price at retail. He said the quality of the American wrapper leaf had not improved of recent years because there had been no inducement to growers to care for their leaves. Cuban tobacco ranked first in quality and Sumatra was decidedly the worst. He had no doubt, he said, that any importer of Sumatra will rather have Sumatra excluded than smoke a cigar made wholly of Sumatra. "Why?" he was asked.

"Because if he smoked it, he would lose his breakfast." He said the growers cared nothing about fillers. They were interested primarily in wrappers. Chairman Dingley called attention to the fact that under the reduction of duty of fifty cents per pound on wrappers in the act of 1894, the increase of imports of Sumatra had been over 40 per cent. Moreover, said Mr. Dingley, it was a remarkable fact that the price of Sumatra tobacco increased fifty cents a pound as soon as the duty was reduced.

Mr. Topin confirmed this, but had no explanation to offer. J. S. Van Duser, of Horsehead, N. Y., representing the growers of the Chemung valley, also asked for protection for wrapper tobacco. He admitted that $2 was inadequate, but said it was not a question of rates, but of protecting our industries from ruinously cheap labor abroad and saving a great industry from extinction. He said 20,000,000 pounds of foreign tobacco was imported annually, of which 4,000,000 were wrappers.

STILL MISSING.

Eight of the Crew of the Commodore Unaccounted For.

Four Others Land at Port Orange and Are Cared For by the Hospitable People.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 2.—Nothing further has been heard from the eight missing men of the steamer Commodore, although Cubans here still have hopes that the survivors will be picked up. The four men who landed at Port Orange Sunday morning were Julio Rodriguez Baz, Manuel Gonzales, Louis Sierra Molorar and Jesus Alverz, all Cubans. Captain Murphy and others will reach Jacksonville this evening, when a thorough investigation will be made.

A MILLIONAIRE'S DAUGHTER

Is Wedded Secretly to an Englishman.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 4.—The secret marriage of Miss Emma Spreckels, only daughter of Claus Spreckels, the millionaire, to Thomas Watson here last Wednesday has caused a sensation. Mr. Watson is an Englishman and a widower, about fifty-five years old. His wife is about twenty-eight. Mrs. Watson has always been the favorite child of Claus Spreckels, the sugar king, and has already come into possession of about $2,000,000 worth of property settled upon her by her father. Mr. and Mrs. Watson, in speaking of the secrecy attending their marriage, said it was due to a desire to avoid notoriety and the worry attendant upon a fashionable wedding.

Pugilist Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—James Duffy, the Boston pugilist who collapsed at the conclusion of a ten-round boxing match with George Justus at the Broadway Athletic club Saturday night, died today without having regained consciousness. Justus, Dick Roche, who acted as referee, and Tom O'Rourke, the manager of the club, were placed under arrest. The physicians who attended Duffy found no fracture or indentation of the skull, but trepaning disclosed meningeal hemorrhage, which may have been occasioned by a jarring of the head by a blow of the fist or a fall.

Libel Suit.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—The trial of Lady Selina Scott, charged by her son-in-law, Earl Russell, with libel in connection with John Cockerton, an engineer; Wm. Aylott, a valet, was resumed this morning. Lady Scott looked but little the worse for her recent illness. Doctor Scott, the physician of Holloway jail, formally testified to the death from consumption of Frederick Kast, a groom, who was also one of the defendants. The physician said that the whole time Kast was in his charge the prisoner had not been fit to be cross-examined as a witness.

RUN ON A BANK.

Depositors Cause a St. Paul House to Suspend.

The Germania Bank Puts Up a Notice of Assignment in the Interest of Creditors.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 4.—The Germania bank, a state institution, capital $400,000, did not open for business today, but announced its assignment to Peter M. Kerst, who for the past year or two has been the cashier of the bank. The announcement stated that this action was taken after full consideration of all the phases of the situation, as it was deemed best for all concerned that this action be taken. The bank stood a run for nearly two weeks, its depositors beginning to withdraw their accounts at the time the Bank of Minnesota closed, on December 22.

The Germania bank has been organized for many years, ex-Governor Alex. Ramsey being for a long time president and William Bickell, cashier. A few years ago Governor Ramsey retired and Mr. Bickell became president, but last spring Mr. Bickell retired from the bank, becoming vice president of the newly organized Allemania. He was succeeded by Gustav Willius as president of the Germania, T. H. Menk being vice president, and P. M. Kerst cashier. The directors are Gustav Willius, William Bickell, Albert Spangenburg, Joseph Haag, J. S. Hermann, E. F. Berrisford, T. H. Menk, O. E. Holman, C. L. Holst, Adam Beyer, W. H. Harris, P. M. Kerst, John Klein and William Schornstien. The change in the official head of the bank last year is believed to have caused a shifting of accounts.

ANOTHER FAILURE.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 4.—The Allemania bank, capital $400,000, and having a clientage similar to the Germania, closed its doors also soon after the other bank had announced its assignment. The Allemania bank was organized last year, being the successor of the Commercial bank, William Bickell, formerly president of the Germania bank, joining forces with Albert Scheffer, of the Commercial, to organize the new bank, of which Mr. Scheffer was made president, William Bickell and William Hamm vice presidents, and E. D. Barnett cashier. The Commercial had formerly been a national bank, but after its failure in the spring of 1892 it was reorganized as a state bank and became merged last spring in the present Allemania bank. This bank was also a sufferer by the panicky feeling after the bank of Minnesota had closed.

President Scheffer, of the Allemania, said at noon that they had been suffering from the panic, the failure being due to the combined withholding and withdrawing of deposits. There had for some time been a gradual drain on the bank and it seemed to gain added force as soon as the announcement of the Germania failure was announced. A crowd of depositors soon gathered, demanding their money, and at 11 o'clock it was decided to close at once, State Bank Examiner Kenyon being called in and taking possession of the bank.

AND STILL ANOTHER.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 4.—At a few minutes before 2 o'clock the West Side bank, organized in 1888, with a capital of $100,000, closed its doors. President Staples told the Associated Press representative that the bank cleared through the Allemania and had its clearings returned today because of the closing of the bank. This was but one of the causes that led to the closing of the West Side bank, which had suffered considerable from the general condition of financial affairs.

OPPOSE A CENTENNIAL.

Members of the Indiana Legislature Not in Favor of the Project.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 4.—The commissioners appointed by Governor Matthews, under a resolution of the legislature, to present some plan for a centennial exhibition has submitted its report to the governor, and he will formally refer it to the legislature when it assembles this week. Every member of the legislature who has expressed himself on the subject is opposed to the centennial project and the scheme will be beaten by an overwhelming majority. It is understood that Governor Matthews himself is opposed to it, and that he will not submit the commission's report with a recommendation that it be adopted. As a rule, members of the legislature take the view that no celebration should occur till 1916, the centennial anniversary of the organization of Indiana as a state.

The revival services at Trinity M. E. church are being successfully conducted by the pastor. There were four accessions yesterday and three persons received the ordinance of baptism. Services every night this week.

Mrs. Michael Gruber, who has been quite ill, is convalescing.

POLICE MAKE RAIDS.

Gamblers and Other Disreputables Are Sent to Jail.

Jeff Meyers Makes an Alarming Statement to Mayor Scherer—News From the Police Court.

Mayor Scherer faced a crowded court this morning and a very shamefaced lot of offenders appeared for trial. For several weeks the police have had under observation a "penny ante" game of poker, which has been conducted in the cellar under Notestine's grocery, on Harrison street. Saturday night they made a raid on the place and captured five men, two of them colored. Just as the patrol wagon drove up a darkey who had lost all his money in the game, came out. He looked at the officers and yelled, "Golly, I'se a lucky Ike," and made for the nearest alley. The rest of the crowd lay in the station until this morning. All pleaded guilty and they were fined $25.50 each. Frank Harrigan and Henry Bush stayed the docket, James Williams paid the fine and Frank Smith and Charles Johnson went to jail. Joseph Notestine in whose place the men were found, paid a fine of $30.50.

DISREPUTABLES ARRESTED.

Lily Miner, Sadie Bayer and Jessie Robb were also arraigned on a charge of frequenting a house of ill-fame, pled guilty and paid fines of $15.50 each. These women were arrested in a flat over Henry Lohrman's saloon, on East Wayne street. The house is directly across the street from the High school and the police propose to clean out the tough characters who live there. While the police were in the house four young men, scarcely out of their 'teens, attempted to enter. When they were met by a guardian of the law at the door, they made a hasty and ungraceful retreat. It probably taught them a lesson they will not forget.

VERY STRONG STATEMENT.

Jeff Meyers, an old offender, who asked the mayor to send him to jail for drunkenness ten days ago, was called before his honor on the same charge. It seems that Jeff has always been given a job in the kitchen and this explains his desire to go to jail. This last time, however, he was caged with the tramps, and he was anxious not to be returned.

"Where did you get drunk on Sunday, Jeff?" asked Deputy Prosecutor Thomas.

"Why, I can get more on Sunday than any day in the week," responded the undismayed Jeff.

At this several policemen nearly had a convulsion, and his honor looked very grave indeed. Having taken the court by surprise Jeff asked for mercy for the first time in his life, and was allowed to go on the promise that he would look for a job.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

Sheriff Melching has won a reward of $50 by arresting E. E. Connett, of this city, whom he found hiding in a garret on the Connett farm in Wayne township. Connett is charged with having made false representation to Michigan fruit men by which he obtained goods which he sold and failed to pay for. Joseph L. Olcott, of Kalamazoo, claims to have been mulcted of $250 by shipping him 1,600 bushels of apples. Connett will be taken to Michigan as soon as the papers can be procured.

WILL WED A BARITONE.

Miss Rowan Will Be Married to Maurice DeVries.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 4.—Miss Lansing Rowan, who achieved notoriety by challenging James J. Corbett to a boxing bout, will soon become the wife of Maurice DeVries, the opera baritone, who is now in New York. The couple have been engaged for some weeks, but have managed to keep the matter secret. Miss Rowan leaves this morning with the Frawley company en route to Colorado via the Oregon and Washington circuit, and it was only last night that she opened her heart to one of her dearest friends. De Vries met Miss Rowan for the first time about six months ago when the grand opera season at Tivoli opened. With the singer it was a case of love at first sight. Miss Rowan was then a member of the Frawley company playing emotional roles at the Columbia. The wedding, it is said, is set for some time in March. Miss Rowan will sever her connection with the Frawley company on February 20, at Colorado Springs. From that city she will go to her home in New York and break the news to her relatives.

FRIENDS SURPRISED

To Learn of the Death of Mr. Anderson in Nicaragua.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 4.—The sensational story from New Orleans reporting the death of Sir William Anderson, an alleged English nobleman, by poisoning in Nicaragua, was a good deal of a surprise to the friends of Major Horace Bell, a well known attorney of this city, to whose daughter Anderson was married. Contrary to the telegraphic report, the dead man's name was Captain A. A. Anderson. While quite well to do at one time, he had lost, it is reported, large sums in foreign securities. He was given no title of nobility while residing in this part of the country, nor did he lay claim to any. His wife, Major Bell's daughter, left here about three months ago to rejoin her husband in Central America and the news of his death has since been received, though no intimation was had that it was of such a tragic character as stated in the New Orleans despatch. Major Bell says concerning the reported poisoning: "There is absolutely no truth in such a story. Captain Anderson died on his plantation, surrounded by his friends and faithful servants, who nursed him day and night through an illness lasting several weeks. His death was due to malarial fever. I have a copy of the doctor's certificate to that effect sent me by the consul, Mr. O'Hara."

MORNING FIRES.

Signs That An Incendiary Thief Started One.

Family of A. Z. Becker Have a Rude Awakening But Escape Uninjured.

At 1:30 this morning a fire that seems to have very queer circumstances connected with it was reported from box 16. The fire department responded promptly and found a carpenter shop belonging to Joseph F. Violand, of 61 Euclid avenue, in flames. By the time the firemen reached the scene it was seen that it was impossible to save the structure and the entire building, including Mr. Violand's valuable tools and unfinished work, was destroyed. The loss will be in the neighborhood of $700, partially covered by insurance. The circumstances plainly show that the fire was of incendiary origin. There had been no fire in the building for many months and of course no workmen were in the building on Sunday. Another feature of the case which seems convincing is that while there were two boxes of tools in the shop, the remains of but one can be found, which leads to the belief that the incendiary first stole the box of tools and then set fire to the building to conceal the evidence of his crime. Superintendent Gorsline is making a full investigation of the case.

DWELLING HOUSE BURNS.

The fire laddies had hardly gotten back to the department house again when another alarm from box 13 called them to 169 High street where the dwelling occupied by A. Z. Becker was burning fiercely. The house is a two story structure belonging to William Pape and the fire started from a stove in the summer kitchen at the rear of the building. The front part of the house was saved, but the entire building and the furniture was damaged. The loss will amount to $500 and the insurance is only partial. The family escaped from the burning house without injury.

BIG REVIVAL OPENS.

Sam Jones, Francis Murphy, Moody and Other Evangelists at Boston.

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—Boston's revival week opened yesterday, and before next Saturday night it will not be the fault of the several noted evangelists if the whole town is not converted.

Meetings yesterday were conducted by Sam Jones and Francis Murphy in four different churches in as many sections of the city. Today Mr. Moody will open a week's services in Tremont Temple that will attract many thousands of people. Preparations have been made to enable 10,000 people a day to attend his meetings, at which Mr. Sankey will sing.

Besides these great workers a dozen lesser lights in the evangelistic field will conduct meetings in various sections of the city, and every effort will be made by all the pastors of the city to arouse a better religious feeling.

ITS THIRD BURIAL.

Corpse of Francis Lafontaine, Last Chief of the Miamis, Again Moved.

WABASH, Ind., Jan. 4.—The remains of Francis Lafontaine, the last national chief of the once powerful Miami Indian tribe, were removed from the Roman Catholic cemetery at Huntington to the new cemetery laid out north of that place.

This is the second time the body was removed, it having originally been interred in the first Roman Catholic cemetery laid out in the town in 1837.

In 1862 the present burial ground was platted and the body of the dead chief was exhumed and reinterred, and there it slumbered until the third and final interment was decided upon, the cemetery being abandoned and all the bodies removed to the new location. Lafontaine died April 13, 1837.

CHANGE FOR THE WORSE.

Banker E. S. Dreyer's Condition Less Favorable.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—The condition of E. S. Dreyer, the head of the banking firm of E. S. Dreyer & Co., whose failure was precipitated by the suspension of the National Bank of Illinois, who has been ill for the past week, has changed for the worse. He is nearly helpless from old complications, which have been greatly aggravated by mental worry since the suspension of his firm. Mr. Dreyer is not allowed to see the newspapers and it is said that he does not yet know of the suicide of William A. Hammond, the late vice president of the National Bank of Illinois, on Saturday morning.

Mrs. Edwin F. Dolman leaves this afternoon for Erie, Pa.

LOST AN ARM.

"The Sentinel's" City Editor Meets With a Sad Accident.

About to Board a Street Car, Clarence Cook Tripped and Fell Under the Wheels.

The many friends and numerous acquaintances of Mr. Clarence Cook, the city editor of THE SENTINEL, will be greatly grieved to hear of the sad accident which befell him last night and as a result of which he has lost his right hand and a portion of the arm by being run over by an electric street car, which he was about to board at the crossing on Creighton avenue between Fairfield and South Wayne avenues.

Yesterday was the third anniversary of his marriage and also the birthday of his wife, and Mr. Cook had remained at home, on Home avenue, in the southern part of the city, with his family until shortly before 6 o'clock, when he left to come down into the city for the purpose of gathering any important news of a local character that might have happened during the day.

He walked to Creighton avenue, and, seeing no car in sight, stepped into the home of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Gaskins, 188 Creighton avenue, to wait for one. On the approach of east-bound Belt line car No. 80, he came out and stood at the crossing waiting for its arrival. Standing six feet from the track, he signalled it to stop. The lacings of one of his shoes had become unfastened and as the car came up and he stepped toward it he tripped on the shoe lacing and fell forward. His right arm extended onto the track and the wheels of the car ran over it crushing it in a fearful shape around the wrist.

After the accident Mr. Cook arose to a standing position. The car had come to a stop and, with the assistance of Conductor Henry Whiteman and Amos Walter he was carried into the home of his mother-in-law, and shortly afterward to the Hope hospital.

Doctors M. F. Porter, Budd Van Sweringen and W. N. Enslen were telephoned for and on their arrival at the hospital and an examination of Mr. Cook's injuries they decided that amputation was necessary and this was successfully accomplished last evening, the lower portion of his arm being taken off about two inches below the elbow.

This morning the injured newspaper man was visited by a SENTINEL representative and he was found to be getting along as nicely as could be expected under the circumstances. His wife and brother, Ernest W. Cook, were at his bedside at the time. He will remain at the hospital for a short time and then will be taken to his own home.

Mr. Cook carried accident insurance in the Standard Life and Accident Insurance company, of Detroit, and the Fort Wayne Mercantile company.

Mr. Cook was one of the best known newspaper writers in the city. He enjoyed a large acquaintance, was popular with everybody, and was an industrious and faithful newsgather. The members of the Press club among whom, on account of his genial ways and warm friendship, he was a favorite regret deeply the sad accident that has befallen him, but they will cheer him with frequent visits and do all in their power to make his misfortune rest as lightly as possible on him.

WEEK OF PRAYER TOPICS.

Special Services Every Evening in Plymouth Church.

The week following the first Sunday of the new year is known as the week of prayer and it will be observed in Plymouth church by a service every evening, except Saturday. At each meeting there will be a brief praise and prayer service and a short sermon by the pastor upon the general theme of "A Witnessing Church," as follows:

Monday Evening—"Prayer and Witnessing."

Tuesday—"Witnessing Through Personal Effort."

Wednesday—"Witnessing Throgh the Family."

Thursday—"The Church Witnessing in Its Own Community"

Friday—"The Promises to a Witnessing Church."

The pastor especially invites the members of the church to come and bring their friends. Everybody will be welcomed.

BAND CONCERT

To Be Given by the First Regiment Band.

The First Regiment A. O. U. W. band will give a promenade concert and hop at Randall hall on Wednesday evening. The musical program will be as follows:

March—"A. O. U. W."
Overture—"Poet and Peasant"
Waltz—"Princess Bonnie"
Cornet Solo—"Tom Bowling"......Ernest Williams
Selection—"Martha"
Bolero
Paraphrase—"My Maryland"
Baritone solo—"Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep"......H. R. McClellan
Promenade waltz—"Angel's Dream"

HIS SUIT SETTLED BY CARDS

Indiana Town of Idaville Stirred Up by Charges of a Litigant.

LAGRANGE, Ind., Jan. 4.—A peculiar condition of affairs is presented in the little town of Idaville, White county, where Hiram Harvey, the plaintiff in a lawsuit, made the charge that a verdict in his case was arrived at by the jurors playing cards. A new trial was granted in consequence and a verdict given Harvey for $120. At the first trial he was beaten, as the alleged result of the card game. Harvey has now been arrested on complaint of the jurors, charged with perjury and placed under heavy bonds for trial. The entire town has taken sides in the case and the alleged card game will play a conspicuous part in the litigation.

HE WAS INSANE.

The Sheriff Called to Fairfield Avenue

To Arrest Henry Schock, Who Was Threatening to Kill Everybody He Met.

Late this afternoon the Sheriff and his deputies were called to 575 Fairfield avenue, where it was reported Henry Schock, an insane man, was running amuck and threatening to kill everyone that came in his way. He had not yet succeeded in doing any damage when the sheriff corralled him, but the neighborhood generally was terrorized.

SENATORIAL RACE.

General Wallace's Candidacy Receives a Backset.

His Grand Army Post Votes Down a Resolution to Endorse Him.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 4.—The senatorial boom of Gen. Lew Wallace received a back set from McPherson post, G. A. R., of which he is a member, Saturday night. Chas. M. Travis, past department commander, offered a resolution endorsing General Wallace's candidacy for the United States senate and urging the coming legislature to elect him. A high private arose and opposed the resolution on the ground that it was not in the province of the G. A. R. to meddle in politics. A vote was taken and Travis cast the only ballot in favor of the resolution.

HIS LAST ACT.

Governor Upham's Heart Softens Towards Unfortunates.

He Pardons Rose Soldoske, a Life Prisoner, for Killing Ella Naley Four Years Ago.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 4.—One of Governor Upham's last official acts announced today was to pardon Rose Soldoske from state prison, where she has spent the past four years under life sentence for the murder of Ella Naley. The governor says: "There is good reason to believe that the verdict was influenced adversely by the fact that her counsel in the exercise, no doubt, of a sound discretion, failed to place her upon the stand as a witness in her own behalf. The law is that she shall not be prejudiced by her failure to testify."

RARE BARGAINS.

Great Opportunity at the Bee Hive Store

For Buying First-Class Goods at Low Prices—Immense Crowds—Doors Locked.

The receiver's sale of the M. Frank & Co.'s Bee Hive stock of dry goods is unprecedented in the business history of Fort Wayne. From early morning until evening the store is crowded to the doors with seekers for bargains, and none of them leave disappointed, for everything sold is a genuine bargain.

Three different times today the doors had to be locked in order to give the employes time to rearrange the goods and prepare for the next rush.

Silks, dress goods of all kinds, notions, lamps, bric-a-brac and in fact everything in the large store has been marked away below cost, and the buyers are quick to take advantage of the rare opportunity.

An extra large force of competent salespeople have been engaged by Mr. Rothschild, the receiver, for this sale, and customers can now feel assured that they will receive prompt and courteous attention.

STRIKE THREATENED.

Miners in Ouray and San Miguel Counties Restless.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 4.—Ouray and San Miguel counties are on the verge of a miners' strike that may surpass the one now in progress in Leadville. The cause is the importation of non-union miners from Missouri into the Virginius mine and Revenue tunnel, situated about nine miles west of Ouray. There are 2,500 miners in Ouray and San Miguel counties, most of whom belong to the union.

EDITORS TAKING CORN.

Subscriptions Being Solicited at the Rate of Twenty Cents a Bushel.

ATCHISON, Kan., Jan. 4.—The following notice is published conspicuously in several Kansas country newspapers, and referred to editorially:

"Corn is legal tender. We have a large amount due on subscription. We will allow twenty cents a bushel for corn on both old and new subscription. Bring on your corn."

One paper in northern Kansas has been forced to build several cribs as a result of this notice.

Killed by the Cars.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 4.—A man supposed to be Richard Bronlyutte, of Bay City, Mich., was run over and killed by the cars in West Springfield today.

FAVORITE STOVES AND RANGES

PICKARD BROS
HEADQUARTERS FOR STOVES & FURNITURE
12 & 14 East Columbia St.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

MONDAY, JAN. 4, 1897.

Indiana's Next Senator.

The legislature of Indiana convenes this week at Indianapolis and among the most important things to be decided is the choice of a United States senator. The legislature is republican and a member of that party will be chosen for the position. In speaking of the situation, the Indianapolis News says:

"There seems to be a general desire that the nomination shall be made immediately, and many of the members will be in favor of holding the caucus next Thursday night. If it should be deemed inexpedient to make the nomination so soon, the caucus will probably be called for Tuesday night, January 12. Next Wednesday night the republicans of each house will meet to name the officers of the senate and house, and it will be decided at that time when the senatorial caucus shall be held. So far as the politicians are able to see there has been no material change in the situation the last few days. The supporters of Charles W. Fairbanks maintain that their candidate will be nominated on the first ballot, and will have several votes to spare. The managers of William R. McKeen's campaign are still active, and profess to believe that they will have a good many votes for their candidate. Only a few members of either house have been here since Lew Wallace's headquarters were opened, and so his managers have had to content themselves with talking to representatives of the party who will not have votes in the caucus. Up to this time no one has appeared to look after the campaign of Robert S. Taylor, of Fort Wayne. There is still talk to the effect that John H. Baker, judge of the United States district court, will receive votes in the caucus, but the judge insists that he is not a candidate, and does not wish to be considered by the members."

Great Lutheran Event.

Lutherans everywhere are preparing to celebrate, with more or less elaborateness, the four hundredth anniversary of the birth of Philip Melancthon, the "Scholar of the German Reformation," which occurs on the 16th of February next. Melancthon was the confidant and assistant of Dr. Martin Luther. He wrote the Augsburg confession, the confession of the Evangelical Lutheran church, upon which many other confessions of Protestant denominations are founded. He was not a leader of men, like Luther, but a scholar and literary character. His battles were not fought in the assemblies of men in debate or in discussion, but in the quiet of his study, with only himself and his God. Preparations to observe the birthday of this great scholar and reformer are general throughout the country, not a few small cities intending to have special commemoration services. In Chicago, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Buffalo, St. Paul, St. Louis, Omaha, Minneapolis, Milwaukee, Cincinnati and Baltimore the arrangements are about completed. In New York the meeting is to take place in the Carnegie hall. The form of the celebration will be mass meetings, with historical addresses by prominent clergymen and laymen. In Germany the movement to commemorate the day is being carried forward not only in the proposed erection of a museum at Britten, the birthplace of Melancthon, but also by the publication of a new and complete edition of his works. The edition is to be in charge of Dr. Miller, of the University of Berlin, the greatest living authority in Melancthonia. He has in his possession over twelve hundred unpublished letters of Magister Philip, the "doctor of all doctors," as Luther called him. The grand duke of Baden has accepted the presidency of the anniversary committee, and invitations to assist in making the event one worthy of the man have been extended to all colleges in England and America.

Was It Suicide?

In its yesterday's issue the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, in speaking of the cause of the death of J. B. McCullagh, the former editor of that paper, has this to say:

"The theory of suicide in the case of the late Mr. McCullagh, which in the early reports was given out on the authority of one person, and which is still insisted on by that person, was condemned by Dr. Boyd at the meeting of the members of the city press yesterday in vigorous and appropriate language, which is given in another column.

"There never was any real reason for the suicide assumption. His own view, frequently expressed to his editorial associates and other friends against suicide, the manner of his death, and all the circumstances connected therewith which an examination of his room and of the ground on which he fell reveal, are hostile to the theory of self-destruction. The verdict of the coroner's jury is simply a formal and official indorsement of the opinion held from the beginning by all those who visited the deceased during his illness, and by the rest of the public who learned the circumstances surrounding his end from the later reports in the press.

"Death was clearly the result of accident. This was the verdict solemnly rendered after careful weighing of all the surmises and theories and intelligent examination of all the facts, by twelve men who had no hypothesis to establish, no facts to exploit or defend, but whose sole and sincere desire was to get at the truth. Opposed to this verdict there is nothing save the unsupported conjecture of a single individual. The charity which a regard for the elemental decencies binds us to exercise toward the dead is re-enforced and emphasized in this case by the demands of justice."

ISLAND PARK ASSEMBLY.

Cottage Owners Will be Protected by the Association Managers.

Kendallville Sun.

So much has been published in the great dailies recently, regarding the future of Island Park assembly, and so many seemingly impossible stories are afloat regarding the future of this institution, that we have refrained from giving currency to any of the reports or rumors, preferring to wait until such time when we could give something authoritative on the subject. It is generally understood that the property has for several years past been in rather close quarters financially, and that last year it was operated by a receiver appointed by the court. Last September the Rev. Will E. Gross was employed by Messrs. Flood and Vincent, the executive head of the parent Chautauqua of New York, for the purpose of reorganizing, and, if possible, placing on its feet this old institution and give it such support as he could in the way of promoting its interests. The result thus far is eminently satisfactory, and our people can confidently look forward to the successful completion of certain important plans that are under headway. Last Saturday the property was sold at sheriff's sale, the purchasers being the company that had been organized largely through the energies of Mr. Gross. All those who had built cottages on the land of the assembly association will be protected in their rights, this being one of the considerations of the purchase. So far as the assembly proper is concerned, officers have not as yet been elected for the purpose of carrying it on, any further than that Dr. Flood and Bishop Vincent propose to back up any effort Mr. Gross may make, and will give every advantage possible to the end of giving a program far superior to any that has been attempted for many years past. It is proposed to make it essentially a Chautauqua institution, with accessories and plans similar to and second only to the great Chautauqua of New York. The work of organization is being pushed as rapidly as possible, and the final result can not but be satisfactory to all concerned. The task is no small one, and the work yet to be done would discourage less enthusiastic people, and yet with proper encouragement the object will be accomplished. There will be a meeting of the new organization next Wednesday at Rome City, at which time will doubtless be developments of importance.

Frank McKenzie, a young man who interfered with Officer Lot Sharpe a few weeks ago and for whom the police have been looking for some time, was sighted by Officer Coling this afternoon and was arrested.

SMITH ON TRIAL.

[CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.]

asked by Henry Colerick. Mr. Colerick asked Mr. Zimmerman if he or his wife were related to the Smiths or Shoaffs, of Eel River township, or of the Frechs. Mr. Zimmerman replied that relatives of his wife were distantly related to relatives of Shoaff's, "about one hair out of seven cow tails." The prisoner smiled at the sally and seemed to appreciate the pun as much as any person in the room. Mr. Zimmerman was afterward peremptorily challenged by the state.

William Adams, a prominent German of Adams township, was excused because he could not explain the meaning of "accusation," "reasonable doubt" or "presumption of guilt."

Conrad Tielker, of Wayne township, was asked if the fact that George Frech was German and Claude Smith was English would affect his verdict. Mr. Tielker replied: "Not if it was my own boy. I would do as my heart told me. Money would not change me."

Two or three others were asked the same question, and they stated that the question of nationality would not affect their verdict.

Samuel Clem, of Monroe township, when called, stated that he knew nothing of the case except what he had read in THE SENTINEL. John Boger, of Springfield township, also testified that he knew only of the case what he had read in THE SENTINEL.

William Gallmeier, of Adams township, read the Staats Zeitung, but had never formed any opinion and had never served on a jury. He was peremptorily challenged by the defendant.

James F. Fell, of Pleasant township, read about the case in THE SENTINEL, but had reached no opinion as to the guilt or innocence of Smith.

Samuel Clem here interposed and stated that his wife was a cousin of Deputy Sheriff Stout, but that fact would not in anywise affect his verdict. He was accepted by the defense.

At 12:25 p. m. the following jury was accepted by the attorneys for both sides:

Frederick Snider, of Lake township.

Leroy Sprague, of Milan township.

John Boger, of Springfield township.

David L. Pettit, of Washington township.

Christian Gruber, of Springfield township.

Conrad Tilker, of Wayne township.

James F. Fell, of Pleasant township.

John Ryan, of Jefferson township.

Slyvester Stoner, of Milan township.

Samuel Clem, of Monroe township.

Cosmus Crouse, of Pleasant township.

William J. Pio, of Jackson township.

Judge O'Rourke announced that during the progress of the trial the jury would not be allowed to separate. Several of the jurymen had teams in the city and they were allowed to call to the jury box friends or relatives and arrange for the care of the teams and send messages to their homes.

Sheriff Melching left the court room with Smith's right hand handcuffed to the sheriff's left. A big crowd was scattered along the sidewalk and little boys followed after Mr. Melching and his prisoner.

The trial will occupy the attention of the court for at least one week and possibly two. The attorneys on each side are among the ablest in Fort Wayne and will contest the case bitterly.

When Judge O'Rourke adjourned court at 12:30 it was to meet again at 2 o'clock, when the prosecution will make a statement of its side of the case. The defense has filed the plea of not guilty and insanity, and it is believed bases its hopes of acquittal on the latter plea.

When court reconvened at 2 o'clock another big crowd was in attendance. Prosecuting Attorney Doughman made a statement of the facts which he expected the state would prove.

GENERAL WEYLER.

Spain Has Determined to Recall Him.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—News has been received here from Washington that the Spanish government has positively determined to recall Captain General Weyler. General Primo De Rivera, it is said, will succeed General Weyler in Cuba. He is a captain general in the Spanish army and in favor with the Canovas government.

Minister Taylor, it is said, informed Secretary Olney several days ago that the authorities at Madrid were on the point of relieving General Weyler of his command in Cuba and of appointing as his successor Captain General Rivera. Reasons were given in brief why a change was deemed advisable and a statement was made as to the probable time when the orders would be promulgated. It is learned that the Madrid government is displeased at the fact that General Weyler, with about 200,000 troops, has not put down the Cuban revolt. He has expended large sums of money, but so far has made no decided headway in accomplishing his main object—that of quelling the insurrection and restoring peace and good order in Cuba. His troops have been victorious on occasions, but they have also met defeat, and the total result, considering Spain's outlay in life and treasure, is far from satisfactory. Too much may have been expected of Weyler; just as the expectation was too great in the case of Campos. Still, the one great requirement, success, has not been fulfilled and Weyler has consequently fallen in official esteem in Madrid.

REACHES BERMUDA.

An Alleged Filibusterer in Port There.

ST. GEORGE, Island of Bermuda, Jan. 4.—The British steamer, Bermuda, Captain Scott, alleged to be a Cuban filibusterer, which left New York December 31, arrived here this morning, twenty hours over due, probably owing to fog and rough weather. It would have been impossible for her to land a filibustering expedition on the coast of Cuba since she left New York on December 31.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Jan. 4.—Wheat, Jan., 80c; May, 83⅞@84c; July, 79⅞c; Sept., 77¾@77⅞c.

Corn, Jan., 23⅛c; May, 25⅞c; July, 26⅞c.

Oats, Jan., 16⅛c; May, 19⅛c.

Pork, Jan., $7.50@7.72½; May, $7.80.

Lard, Jan., $3.80; May, $3.97½.

Ribs, Jan., $3.80; May, $3.97½.

Another Suspect.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Jan. 4.—Early this morning the detectives working on the Blue Cut train robbery case brought in another suspect, arrested near Glendale, and who they claim was with John Kennedy, the leader of the gang now under arrest, on the night of the robbery. The officers refuse to disclose the identity of the suspect, claiming it would interfere with their plans of locating and arresting other men under surveillance.

THE PAID CHOIR.

Unnecessary Economy in Church Music a Grievous Mistake.

"It is very difficult for some very excellent and otherwise broad minded church people to realize that good music is one of the most powerful auxiliaries to successful church work," writes Edward W. Bok in The Ladies' Home Journal. "Music naturally appeals to a far larger number of people than preaching ever has or can, no matter how good its quality. A church desirous of reaching the largest number of people and doing the greatest amount of good must adjust itself to prevailing conditions. If good music will attract where other attractions fail, why not employ this auxiliary? But good church music can rarely be had from a volunteer choir. And I say this with all due respect to the the thousands who each Sunday throughout our country volunteer their services in divine song. There are innumerable cases where a paid choir is out of the question. I have known of such instances where the singing by volunteer choirs was good. But they are the exceptions; by no means the rule. And it stands to reason that this should be so. Excellence in any kind of work calls for study and preparation. To be a good singer requires years of study and training. And years of hard, practical work must follow the study period.

"The voice must be cultivated; it must be trained. And this calls for infinite patience, time and money. Trained voices naturally cannot be expected to give the results of all this without compensation. And the fact that their services are asked by the church and in the cause of religion does not affect the justice of remuneration. Ministers and janitors are paid, and so should be our church singers if they have good voices. Where a church is able to maintain a paid choir and seeks to economize with volunteer voices, there is, in particular, a grievous mistake committed. Music hath charms, it has been truly said, and it has to every one. A church able to spend something on its music cannot afford to have aught but the best it is within its means to employ. Those who regulate the affairs of our churches should bear this fact in mind in connection with their approaching Christmas festivities and for their regular services in the new year before them. There would be far fewer empty pews in some of our churches if there were better voices in the choirs."

A Bit of Diplomacy.

The modern man crossed his legs and looked intently at his wife, who was a modern woman.

"Here we are on the threshold of married life," he said at last, "and, in the language of the poet, we are up against it the very first thing."

She shrugged her shoulders and suggested that it really wasn't her fault.

"I would be glad to help you, George, in any way I can," she continued, "but you must remember that I have had a college education. If there is anything at your office that you don't exactly understand, all you have to do is to say so and I will come down and help you straighten it out."

"But what I don't understand is here," he protested.

She shrugged her shoulders again. "I know no more about it than you do," she said. "However, I can keep books for you or run a typewriter or"—

"Just the thing," he broke in joyfully. "That little typewriter down at my office is the most womanly little creature I ever saw, and I'll bet she knows all about managing a house. We'll just keep her up here to make things look nice and homelike, and you can take her place at the office."

But there was something in his tone that made her decide to look after the homemaking business herself, even if she had to begin going to cooking school to do it.—Chicago Post.

Fine Wire.

Some idea of the fine point to which platinum wire can be drawn will be realized from the fact that threads have been drawn, two of which can be twisted together and inserted within the hollow of a human hair. These threads are so infinitesimal that it needs a magnifying glass to see them.

A MATCH.

If love were what the rose is,
And I were like the leaf,
Our lives would grow together
In sad or singing weather,
Blown fields or flowerful closes,
Green pleasure or gray grief;
If love were what the rose is,
And I were like the leaf.

If I were what the words are,
And love were like the tune,
With double sound and single
Delight our lips would mingle,
With kisses glad as birds are
That get sweet rain at noon;
If I were what the words are,
And love were like the tune.

If you were life, my darling,
And I, your love, were death,
We'd shine and snow together
Ere March made sweet the weather
With daffodil and starling
And hours of fruitful breath;
If you were life, my darling,
And I, your love, were death.

If you were thrall to sorrow,
And I were page to joy,
We'd play for lives and seasons
With loving looks and treasons
And tears of night and morrow
And laughs of maid and boy;
If you were thrall to sorrow
And I were page to joy.

If you were April's lady
And I were lord in May,
We'd throw with leaves for hours
And draw for days with flowers,
Till day, like night, were shady
And night were bright like day;
If you were April's lady
And I were lord in May.

If you were queen of pleasure
And I were king of pain,
We'd hunt down love together,
Pluck out his flying feather
And teach his feet a measure
And find his mouth a rein;
If you were queen of pleasure
And I were king of pain.
—Algernon Charles Swinburne.

A Reasoning Dog.

"Talking about dogs," said a Woodward avenue lawyer, "I have one that reasons and has a memory. Last Sunday I went down to the postoffice, and my dog went with me. On the way he caught a sparrow and walked to heel for some time with the bird in his mouth. As I did not take any notice of him, he darted into a vacant lot near the park, and I saw him dig a hole and bury the bird.

"It was late afternoon when I went back, as I dined with friends in another part of the city. I had entirely forgotten the episode of the sparrow when I missed my dog. I looked about and whistled for him and heard him bark in answer, and then I saw him digging with all his might in the vacant lot, and he soon followed me with the bird in his mouth.

"Now, don't you see he had to do a lot of thinking and reasoning to first place the bird there and then remember it and stop on his return to get it? He was a hunting breed of dog, but had never been trained, as I do not hunt. How do you account for all those human like faculties?"

"Instinct," said one of the company. "It is often a safer guide than reason."

"Any dog will bury a bone," said another.

"I call it reason. I am sure I can follow the mental process of reasoning," said the lawyer, "and if all dogs can follow out a mental suggestion in that way, involving the faculties of memory and association, then dogs have brains. I am sure they can be developed."—Detroit Free Press.

When Suspense Is Horrible.

A good yarn has landed from the wilds of Australia. Two impecunious Scotsmen, traveling north in search of gold, came upon a drinking saloon. They only had sixpence between them, so they ordered one "sip o' whusky."

They were hesitating who should have the first drink, when an old acquaintance joined them. Pretending they had just drunk, one of them handed the newcomer the whisky, requesting him to join them in a drink.

He drank, and, after a few minutes of painful and silent suspense, said:

"Now, boys, you'll have one with me."

"Wasna that weel managed, mon!" said one to his pals afterward.

"Aye, it was," said the other solemnly, "but it was a dreadfu' risk."—Pearson's Weekly.

Impertinent Bric-a-brac.

"I've jolted up against a great many hard hearted and uncharitable people in my career," said the man with the shabby silk hat, "but about the worst specimen I ever came across was one I called on this afternoon. He had advertised for a gentleman of literary attainments to act in a clerical capacity, and I called at his house to see about the situation."

"Did he treat you rudely?"

"No. It was his silent sarcasm that wounded me. The servant ushered me into his library, and while I waited my glance happened to rest on a decanter on the sideboard. There was a glass beside it, and as both were of a highly artistic pattern I made so bold as to examine them."

"You were quite alone?"

"Of course. I had set the decanter down on the table with great care just as the gentleman came into the room. Then came the shock."

"Had you spilled any?"

"Certainly not. But he had rigged the miserable bottle up with one of those music box arrangements which start a tune whenever it is picked up and set down again. Just as I opened my lips to explain my errand it began to play 'Just Tell Them That You Saw Me.'

"It confused me so that I picked up my hat and left without trying to explain, and the impertinence of that piece of bric-a-brac has probably caused me to lose one of the best positions I ever had open to me."—Odds and Ends.

With an Eye to Art.

Æsthetic Wife (sobbing)—Dearest, I'll see that your grave is kept green, but not one of those horrid bright greens. A nice olive gray green, with an old bronze tombstone, will look too awfully lovely for anything.—New York Tribune.

Waiting.

"Have you no pride at all?" asked the earnest worker.

"Nup," said the cumberer of the ground. "I am waitin' till it gits cheaper. Pride, you know, must have a fall."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

THE PATH OF THE MOON.

Why It Is Sometimes High in the Sky and Sometimes Low.

To explain the remarkable variations in the place of the moon during different months we must consider the effect of the inclination of the ecliptic to the earth's equator. The ecliptic is the path in which the sun appears to circle the heavens once every year.

The ecliptic crosses the plane of the equator at two opposite points, called the vernal and the autumnal equinox. The sun arrives at the vernal equinox about the 21st of March and at the autumnal equinox about the 21st of September. During the interval the sun is north of the equator, and consequently its path lies high in the heavens as seen from our hemisphere. But during the other half of the year, while it is passing from the autumnal to the vernal equinox, the sun is south of the equator, and its path consequently runs low in our heavens.

Now, the moon travels around the earth in a plane not very much inclined (only 5 degrees and 8 minutes) to the path of the sun. But the sun takes 12 months to circle the heavens, while the moon takes less than one month. Accordingly at one time we find the moon near the sun and about two weeks later just opposite to the sun.

It is clear that when the moon is near the sun, as at new moon, it will be north of the equator if the sun is north and south if the sun is south. But when the moon is opposite to the sun, as at full moon, it will be north of the equator if the sun is south and south if the sun is north.

We have just seen that from autumn until spring the sun is south of the equator. It follows that in winter the full moon will be north of the equator and will run high in the sky. On the other hand, during the summer, when the sun is north of the equator, the full moon will be south of it and will run low in the sky. Some variation is produced by the inclination of the moon's orbit to the ecliptic, but this inclination, being small, may be neglected in a general explanation.

In consequence of its eastwardly motion around the earth the moon rises on the average about 51 minutes later every day. This interval is called the daily retardation. It is shortened or lengthened according to what part of the ecliptic the moon is near. In the latitude of New York the interval may vary in length between 23 minutes and 1 hour and 17 minutes.

The retardation is greatest when the moon's path is steepest to the horizon and least when the path has the smallest inclination.

The latter condition occurs, with respect to the full moon, about the time of the autumnal equinox. At that season the full moon travels in a path very little inclined to the horizon, and so for several evenings in succession will rise at nearly the hour of sunset. This is called the harvest moon. The next following full moon, in October, also has its path but little inclined and its retardation shortened and is called the hunter's moon.

Some persons suppose that the crescent of the new moon promises wet or dry weather according as its horns are so inclined that the hollow between them looks as though it could or could not hold water. Of course there is no relation between the weather and the position of the new moon's horns. The inclination of the new moon may readily be accounted for at any time when we bear in mind the fact that a line drawn from tip to tip of the horns must always be at right angles to the direction of the sun.—Youth's Companion.

Art.

"Did you not know," asked the court, "that such a poor copy of a genuine bill would surely be detected?"

The counterfeiter tossed his hair back from his blue veined brow.

"I sought," he haughtily answered, "an artistic rather than a financial success."—Detroit Tribune.

COUNTERFEIT MARKET.

Paris Has a Regular Exchange Where Waiters May Buy False Coin.

Any counterfeiter can, after a few experiments, succeed in turning out of base metal coins more or less perfectly resembling the valuable currency of any country. This is the easiest part of the whole fraudulent business. The most difficult and the most dangerous part of it is to get the spurious tokens into circulation, and for this purpose he is bound to have recourse to the services of accomplices. There is no business that affords such facilities for the disposal of bad money as that of the restaurant or cafe waiter. It is so easy when changing a $20 bill to surreptitiously substitute a bad dollar, 50 cent piece or quarter among the change, for as a rule the customer merely glances at the coins and slips them into his pocket without verifying them.

In Paris there is a false money market where waiters procure their store of bad coins. It is, of course, held secretly. There is a regular traffic, and the sharpers know exactly what they will receive for the real money they are prepared to invest. Thus a spurious 5 franc piece fetches from 2 francs to 2 francs 50 centimes, according to the excellence of its imitation. Two franc pieces cost from 50 to 75 centimes and 1 franc pieces 25 centimes.

Bad gold coins are rarely seen there. The explanation of this is that, apart from the fact that the manufacture of them is very costly, it requires considerable scientific knowledge, and this the ordinary counterfeiter rarely possesses.

European continental waiters are past masters in the art of passing off false or demonetized coin. They rarely seek to dupe habitues of the establishments where they are employed, but generally select foreigners or casual customers as their victims.

The traffic is carried on especially in restaurants that are open all night. When the customer partakes freely of wines and liquors at supper after the theater and the bill is presented, he always pockets the change mechanically, and even if he keeps a cool head he does not like to examine the change in front of the lady or ladies he is entertaining. This the waiter knows full well and profits accordingly.

Should the customer return after once leaving the place and complain to the proprietor the waiter naturally denies his guilt, and there is an end of the matter. In this case, however, the rascal knows that the proprietor will keep an eye upon him and is careful not to try the trick again for some time or else to leave and take another place where he can continue his swindling operations.

Extra waiters—those engaged for a day or two during the "rush" or holiday periods—are the most audacious utterers of false coins. During international exhibitions the unscrupulous thieves reap a rich harvest. In the cafes at the last World's fair in Paris many of them had the temerity to procure a quantity of little gold colored tin checks, about the size and thickness of a 20 franc piece, that were given away as an advertisement by one of the places of entertainment in the grounds and use them to cheat the public.

On an average two false coins are received every day for examination at the Paris mint. Those that are not too greatly spoiled in testing are added to a collection in the museum of the mint. This collection is said to be very large and very curious, but access to the museum is prohibited to the public.—New York Herald.

A Lively Community.

"Don't you find it rather quiet in Ashland?" inquired a Portland barber, who was endeavoring to remove a two weeks' growth from the Aroostook visitor's chin. "Oh, no," was the reply. "We have quite a lot of excitement up our way. We generally have a couple of dances during the winter." There are livelier places than Portland and quieter towns than Ashland.—Boston Herald.

Grateful Mongrels.

"There is nothing in the way of a dog that is as grateful and affectionate as a little mongrel which has had a hard life on the street," says the superintendent of the Society For the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. "They appreciate every kindness, and much more than pet dogs accustomed to attention."—New York Times.

Rose to the Occasion.

Willieboy—That doosid Jones girl tried to be sawcastic at my expense, but I think I made her feel that I was weseuted, don't you know.

Hargreaves—Yes; she told me about it. She said you were positively queenly in your indignation.—Indianapolis Journal.

Taking Out the Embassadress.

Mr. W. E. Curtis, the author of an entertaining work of eastern travel, relates an instance of his sojourn in China which represents the great Li Hung Chang in an attitude of characteristic ignorance of occidental customs. The French embassador at Peking gave a dinner party and invited Li Hung Chang. Previous to sitting down to dinner the party, which included the wives of the European guests, were conversing in an apartment which adjoined the dining room.

Presently the butler threw back the portieres and announced the dinner. The French embassador stepped up to the great Chinese statesman and said:

"Will your excellency take my wife out to dinner?"

Li interpreted the request literally. The French embassadress was a tiny woman, and Li Hung Chang is six feet three. He picked the little woman up under one arm, and, to the amusement of the company as well as the distress of the victim, carried her bodily out to the dining table.

Character Reading by Telephone.

"In these days of the telephone," said an observer, "we realize to what an extent we judge character by the voice. Perhaps our faculties in that direction have been sharpened by the use of the telephone, but it is certain that we form our opinion of the man at the other end of the wire by his voice and speech as decisively as we would do if we stood face to face."—New York Sun.

Forewarned.

Walker—I come, sir, to ask you for your daughter's hand.

Mr. Windy—Well, young man, before going any farther, I may as well inform you that her hand is the least expensive thing about her.—Philadelphia North American.

MUNYON CONTINUES

The Public Test of His Marvelous Remedies

A Multitude Crowded the Munyon Offices Last Week to See the

Rheumatism Cure Put On Trial.

Scores of Patients Were Present and Ready for the Test.

Some Learned for the First Time of Their Serious Condition.

But the Great Remedy Was at Once Set to Work and Cure Will Come.

Monday the Free Test Continues.

Remember—Kidney Remedy Free.

Examination and Treatment Free.

Catarrh Treated Free.

The second of Professor Munyon's series of Public tests will begin today in the Munyon offices. The news of the most successful rheumatism test of last week HAS SPREAD ABROAD. Many persons came from the surrounding towns because they had heard of the wonderful cures being made. Many who will come to the tests this week will have kidney disease in its incipient stage. Others will come with the heavy, dragging step and bent form, which betoken the WELL-SEATED CASE of CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE. Still others will have the puff appearance about the eyes, the flabby cheeks and hopeless look, which tell only too plainly that BRIGHT'S DISEASE HAS BEGUN ITS DEADLY WORK. A few there may be whom the specialists will know at a glance to be completely in the possession of that AWFUL DISEASE.

Not one of these need despair. Munyon's Remedies in the hands of his skilled specialists have cured thousands of cases in old and young.

While this test of kidney cure is going on, Munyon's doctors at No. 9 E. Wayne street, opposite Fruit House, will treat all patients that come, no matter what their disease, just the same as usual. Total treatment of catarrh and deafness free.

Munyon's great specialists will go to the bedside of the sick when required without a penny of cost for their services.

Munyon's Remedies for every disease for sale by all druggists, mostly at 25c; specials 50c and $1.

MUNYON H. H. R. CO.,
No. 9 East Wayne.
Opposite the Fruit House.

Island of Juan Fernandez.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 4.—The story published upon the authority of Captain Powles, of the British ship James Kerr, relative to the disappearance of the island of Juan Fernandez, lacks verification. Chilian papers under date of November 30, give accounts of the results of a scientific expedition recently dispatched to Juan Fernandez, upon the government war ship Presidente Errazuriz. Furthermore, a large cannery for packing lobsters is established at Cumberland Bay, the only port on the island; and the last steamer from New York carried to Valparaiso from Panama a quantity of material for this cannery. It is, therefore, unlikely that the island has disappeared.

Mrs. Gorke and Mrs. Miller are visiting with J. C. Miller and family at Columbia City.

Mothers, Be sure and use "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. Mayttcod&w

CURES [illegible]

For sale by Gross & Pelham, [illegible]

Can We Be Busy After Christmas?

We shall try at any rate, and try hard. Some dealers take a snooze after Christmas. "No use trying," they say, "January is the dullest month in the year." We think this is a mistaken idea: A RELIC OF OLD FOGYISM.

We believe the people will buy after Christmas the same as before.

If But the Prices Are Low Enough.

Ours will be low enough during the month to be sure.

We Will Sell....

Our Men's Fine Suits and Overcoats

for less money than ever before offered in this part of the country. The balance of our Fine Suits and overcoats, now from $3.00 to $6.00, less than their actual value.

We won't pack away our winter goods till next year. We can't afford to carry dead capital. We much prefer selling what is still left at 1-2 their former value.

We Have Made a Deep Cut In—

CHILDREN'S SUITS and OVERCOATS, FINE ALL WOOL UNDERWEAR, FINE READY MADE TROUSERS.

And in our Hat, Cap and Glove Department, those who have waited until now to buy their goods CAN SAVE MONEY.

LEHMAN'S,
34 and 36 Calhoun Street.

Discount....
10 PER CENT.
Will be Given on All Goods Sold For
:-:CASH:-:
Or Credit During the Remaining Holiday Season.

Indiana Furniture Co.,
166 Calhoun Street.

Skin Came Off

I had an obstinate skin disease, called Eczema. My body, head, and arms were covered with spots like drops of mortar, which came off in layers of dry scales. I suffered for over a year without relief, consulted several doctors without aid, and had almost given up hope. I saw an advertisement about CUTICURA REMEDIES; took them, and in eight weeks I was as well as ever, for my skin is as clear and clear as a baby's. GEO. REABURN, Hanover, Ontario, Canada.

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, externally, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of humor cures.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, 50c. and $1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.
"How to Cure Every Skin Disease," mailed free.

HOW DO YOU DO

When Your Volumes of MAGAZINES are Completed

+++++

Do you lay them aside, thinking to have them bound sometime? Or do you have them made into PRETTY, DURABLE BOOKS before they get misplaced?

+++++

THE.... SENTINEL

Binds them—strong and substantial—in a way that will ornament any book shelf, and the price—well, you'll be surprised when you hear it at

The Sentinel Office,
14 W. Wayne St.

G. SCHMIDT,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Has just received the Largest line of WINTER SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS ever shown by a Fort Wayne Merchant Tailor, at prices FAR BELOW anything ever offered to the public.
Remember the place.
No. 70 East Main Street.

A. Hattersley & Son,
PLUMBERS,
STEAM AND
GAS FITTERS,
48 E. Main Street.
Fort Wayne, Indiana.

Cheap Meals Served to Women.
Young Women's Christian Association
NOON REST.
70 WEST WASHINGTON ST.
Breakfast, 6:30 to 8. Dinner, 11:30 to 2.
Supper, 5:30 to 7:00.

The Pennsylvania Station.
Pennsylvania Lines.
Trains Run by Central Time
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.
From Ft. Wayne
Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

East Bound	West Bound
*2 40 a.m.	*2 40 a.m.
*7 00 a.m. From Chi.	*5 30 a.m.
11 20 p.m.	†8 07 a.m.
*1 40 p.m.	†11 40 a.m.
*9 35 p.m. Limited	*4 20 p.m.
†10 05 from Chi.	*3 40 p.m.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R.R.
In effect Sept. 27, 1896.

NORTH BOUND.

*For Grand Rapids and north	2 40 am
†	7 15 am
†	3 05 pm
†From Richmond arrives	6 25 pm

SOUTH BOUND.

*For Richmond and Cincinnati	12 45 am
†	6 41 am
†	12 20 pm
†From Grand Rapids arrives	7 40 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

NICKEL PLATE

Chicago depot, Clark and 12th streets. Buffalo depot, Exchange and Michigan Sts. Nos. 3 and 4 and local freight, trains daily except Sunday. Other trains daily.

EAST.	ARRIVES	DEPART
N. Y. & Boston Ex. No. 2	*2 35 a.m.	*2 45 a.m.
Cleveland Mail No. 4	†11 00 p.m.	†11 30 p.m.
Eastern Ex. No. 6	*6 00 p.m.	*6 25 p.m.
Local Freight	†4 30 p.m.	†7 20 a.m.
WEST.	ARRIVES	DEPART
Chicago Express No. 1	*1 53 a.m.	*2 05 a.m.
Chicago Mail No. 3	†12 00 p.m.	†12 30 p.m.
Western Express No. 5	*8 05 p.m.	*8 10 p.m.
Local Freight	†8 20 p.m.	†7 00 a.m.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

WABASH RAILROAD.
Trains from Fort Wayne as follows.
Effective November 15, 1896.

No.	GOING EAST.	DEPART.
2.	N. Y. & Boston Lim., daily	4 44 a.m.
30.	Toledo Local Ex., Sunday	6 00 a.m.
8.	N. Y. & N. Eng. Flyer, daily	11 45 a.m.
4.	Fast Mail & Ex., ex. Sunday	1 25 p.m.
	GOING WEST.	
5.	Pacific Ex., ex. Sunday	8 00 a.m.
7.	Kan. City Cannon Ball, daily	12 35 noon
1.	Day Fast Mail, daily	6 30 p.m.
3.	St. Louis Vestibule Lim., daily	8 10 p.m.
31.	Andrews Local, ex. Sunday	12 05 noon
11.	Toledo Accom., ex. ex. Sunday	12 10 noon

Phone No. 6. R. G. THOMPSON, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Fort Wayne, Ind.

L. E. & W. TIME TABLE.

SOUTH.

No. 41 leaves (except Sunday)	7 10 a m
No. 43 daily	2 35 p m
No. 171 Local Freight	6 00 a m

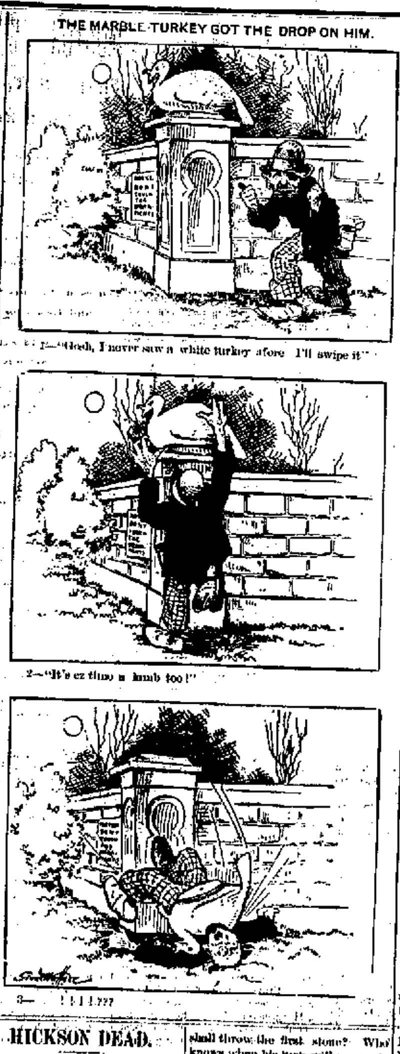
NORTH.

No. 40 arrives daily	11 40 a m
No. 22 (except Sunday)	10 00 p m
No. 170 Local Freight	4 20 p m

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch.

NORTHWARD.	ARRIVE.
No. 402 Way Freight	6 25 pm
No. 406 Cin. Express and Mail	11 00 am
No. 410 Detroit and Ind'pls Express	2 35 pm
SOUTHWARD.	DEPART.
No. 401 Way Freight	6 00 am
No. 407 Through Express & Mail	11 45 am
No. 409 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex.	4 40 pm

THE MARBLE-TURKEY GOT THE DROP ON HIM.


1—"Gosh, I never saw a white turkey afore. I'll swipe it."
2—"It's ez tiny's a lamb too!"
3— ! ! ! ! ? ? ?

HICKSON DEAD.

Was Once General Manager of the Grand Trunk.

John Woodworth, a Former Pittsburg Shopman, Dies at Lima—Local Gossip.

THE SENTINEL this morning received a dispatch from Montreal, stating that Sir Joseph Hickson, late general manager of the Grand Trunk railway, died in that city this morning. The deceased was succeeded in the management of the Grand Trunk by C. M. Hays, formerly general manager of the Wabash road.

NEW SPARK ARRESTER.

On some of the new monster freight engines built for the Baltimore and Ohio by the Pittsburg locomotive works the new Bell spark arrester, invented by J. Snowden Bell, has been applied. The new arrangement consists of a double perforated deflecting plate, and the disposition of the netting in a series of inclines, with no horizontal surface except a very narrow one on each side of the exhaust pipe. It is said that this arrangement not only prevents the escape of so many live sparks, but it preserves the life of the netting, and is, therefore more economical and effective than any spark arrester now in use on any other road.

TRAMPS AND THEIR TRADES.

In talking with an aggregate of 12,000 idle men during his travels, J. Syme Hastings avers that 4,800 out of every 5,000 tramps have trades, and he shows the percentage of different trades and callings. According to him, the bricklayer is in the lead in the building trades, with 250 out of each 5,000 tramps, most of which are in the south, where the colored bricklayers are in demand, on account of their working at a much cheaper wage than their white brother. Next comes the plumber, with about 200 in each 5,000, most of which are credited with being unfinished workmen. Then the painters appear with about 150 in each 5,000 tramps, and these are all accredited as skilled mechanics, and the writer adds if all of those who could paint were included, the number would be doubled, and we are prepared to state that if all who claim to be painters were added he could quadruple the number. Tinners average above 125 in each 5,000, carpenters about 75, iron workers about 85 and stone masons about 50 in each 5,000. So it will be seen that if the many trades still unmentioned that contribute to the building trades were included in the above they would bring the average up to about 1,200 in each 5,000, nearly one in every four. In conclusion Mr. Hastings says that the average tramp has a fairly good education. The ragged garb of the tramp conceals many faults and virtues in men. The escaped convict and the ex-minister of the gospel sleep soundly at the same campfire and hand-outs. But who shall throw the first stone? Who knows when his turn will come to join the army? A few months out of work, a few hundred miles away from home, and you are a tramp in the eyes of the people and the law—even though your spirit rebels and you know that you are simply—"in hard luck."

A PIONEER RAILROAD MAN.

J. Van Smith, who has recently been appointed general superintendent of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at New York, is a son of the late William Prescott Smith, who was master of transportation of the Baltimore and Ohio road during the war. William Prescott Smith was very closely identified with this road from 1855 to 1868. He wrote the first recognized book on transportation and was the leading spirit in the grant demonstration that took place in 1857, when the Baltimore and Ohio was completed to Parkersburg and when connection was made between what was then the Marietta and Cincinnati road and the Ohio and Mississippi and the Central Ohio. It was the dream of the projectors of the Baltimore and Ohio to have an all rail route from the Ohio river at Cincinnati to the seaboard at Baltimore, and when this dream became a realization, there was great rejoicing and a tremendous demonstration, both in Baltimore and Cincinnati. Mr. Smith had charge of the festivities, and later wrote a history of these railroads. He married a daughter of Joshua Vansant, who was twice mayor of Baltimore and one of the men of that time who laid the solid foundation of Baltimore's prosperity. Colonel Smith was noted for his dinners and entertained several presidents and many of the most noted men of that time. During the war he had charge of the transportation of the troops along the line of the Baltimore and Ohio road, and it was chiefly due to his ability as a railroad man that the government was enabled to handle expeditiously large bodies of soldiers. After the war he was made revenue collector at Baltimore by President Grant, who was a warm personal friend.

THE HEAVIEST TRAIN.

President-elect McKinley next Wednesday will press a button in Canton, Ohio, which will start one of the heaviest freight trains ever moved from the yards of the Erie railway in Silver Springs, N. Y., on its way to Jersey City. A special electrical device, manufactured for the occasion, will, upon receiving the electrical impulse sent over a special wire from Major McKinley's home in Canton, open the throttle of the heaviest locomotive owned by the Erie Railway company, and when that occurs a train of 100 freight cars, loaded with salt, will be started for Jersey City, en route to Boston.

DISPARATES.

There is a growing feeling with freight men who have investigated the matter that there should be a closer equalization of freight rates between western and eastern roads. For instance, the charge for bringing corn from Nebraska to Chicago, five hundred miles, is 75 per cent. of its value when in Chicago, while the rate from Chicago to New York, one thousand miles, is one-half of its Chicago value. It is thought by traveling freight agents that before the immense grain crops of the last year move readily there must be a readjustment of rates between points of shipment and destination of the freight. While this statement more concerns grain than any other class of freight, here is ample room for a more equitable basis of rates on other commodities.

A DESIRABLE RAILROAD PROPERTY.

"The Pennsylvania company," said a railroad man who looks upon the Michigan division of the Vandalia as being a road with a good future, "will experience no trouble in unloading that road from the system should they choose to do so, but in my opinion the Pennsylvania company will not let go of the division of the Vandalia system, as some of the newspaper articles have hinted they would, and when the road is offered for sale at foreclosure there will be other bidders in the field than the Pennsylvania company."

JOHN WOODWORTH DEAD.

James Trythall, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, came home from Lima, Ohio, last evening, bringing the news of the death at that place of John Woodworth. The deceased was the son of L. A. Woodworth, formerly assistant foreman of the Pittsburg blacksmith shops, but now foreman of the same department in the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton shops at Lima. When the family resided in this city, John was for a time employed in the car shops in the east end. He was similarly engaged at Lima. The remains were brought here and at 2 o'clock this afternoon were laid in the family burial lot in Lindenwood. The deceased was twenty-four years old.

MINOR MENTION.

F. Black, of the Pittsburg lumber yards, is sick and off duty.

Frank Wright, a yard engineer on the Pittsburg, is sick and off duty.

Engineer Conrad Bricker has returned from Logansport, where he was visiting his brother.

J. Edelman, of the Pittsburg car shop, and his wife went to Wawasee this morning on private business.

A locomotive was shipped by the Brooks locomotive works on last Wednesday to go to South Africa.

J. Wilhelm, J. R. Mosher and C. Maiiand, of the Pittsburg car shop, are off duty on account of sickness.

Frank H. Swerington, assistant general foreman of the Pittsburg car shops, is again sick with the grip.

Apples are now being shipped by the carload from New York to San Francisco, a new business for the transcontinental lines.

The Pittsburg car shop today commenced work upon a sample gondola car. The works have an order for 200 of these cars.

F. Unger and F. C. Turner have reported for duty in the Pittsburg tin shop, after an absence of several days on account of sickness.

E. A. Ford, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania, passed through the city on the limited last night, en route to Pittsburg.

The work of invoicing at the electric works will consume the entire week. Work out in the factory is proceeding as usual, however.

Charles Rodenbeck, who had a finger injured in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop a week ago, was able to resume work this morning.

Neil Loney, a son of Pittsburg Baggageman A. L. Loney, returned to the Armour institute this morning after spending the holidays with his parents.

Frank X. Miller, M. H. Morrison, John Moring and Louis Kelley, who were on the absentee list at the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, have returned to work.

The Wabash starts the week with an unusually heavy grain traffic. Indications are also favorable for a continuance of the improvement in this class of freight.

Henry Tonsing and John Rost are off duty, the former on account of a funeral and the latter on account of sickness. Both are employed in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop.

Peter Conroy mashed a finger with a hammer Saturday evening, while at work in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop. The accident will place him on the absentee list a few days.

I. Wise has resumed charge of affairs at the Pittsburg tank shop, after an absence of several days on account of the death of his father, who was buried at Mansfield, Ohio, last week.

For the first time in ten years all the employes of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad have received their monthly pay before Christmas. This has only happened twice in twenty years.

Capt. R. H. Harrison is disabled by a severe attack of rheumatism and, during his absence from the Pittsburg shops Charles W. Hall will have charge of the department where car supplies are made.

Al Keumaird, the Pennsylvania scale inspector, has temporarily taken a position in the erecting department of the shops in this city.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Nearly all the scales on the line are new, the last one to be put in being at Altoona, and they will not require much attention during the winter months.

Railroad builders say the building this year will be mainly for the purpose of developing lumber tracts, coal mines and other freight making districts.

At San Bernardino, the Southern California railroad shops have increased the working day from eight to nine hours and are putting on more men.

Machinist Harry Turner has returned from Virginia, where he spent the holidays with his parents. This morning he took his place in the Pittsburg shops.

It is stated that the electric locomotives of the Baltimore and Ohio are performing all that the contract stipulated they should do. Three are now in service at Baltimore.

B. F. Hayes, an old time conductor on the Wabash, now general yardmaster of the Southern Pacific at Terrace, Utah, is visiting friends at Peru and other points on that line.

A. Collis, the Pittsburg machinist who had a finger injured a few weeks ago, is likely to have to submit to amputation of the member before the wound will heal. At first he considered the accident a trifling affair.

The Panhandle coal sheet for November shows that four firemen of passenger trains drew premiums ranging from $5.00 to $10.30, and fourteen firemen of freight locomotives drew premiums ranging from $4.40 to $10.20.

The Japanese engineers, who are taking notes in this country, are now visiting the different locomotive works. They will be in Pittsburg in a few days and will make a careful study of the methods of railroading of the Pennsylvania lines.

Daniel Parker has returned from Lima, where he was called by the illness of his wife last week. The lady was visiting in that city and was taken ill. She was able to accompany her husband home. Mr. Parker resumed his place in the electric works this morning.

Atlanta, Ga., has a flourishing railroad branch of the Young Men's Christian association, and its members observed New Year's by giving a free lunch and in the evening a musical and literary program of much merit. In the Atlanta association postal clerks, expressmen and telegraphers are included.

Enoch Cox, W. H. Tigar, C. M. LaRue, Jesse Patterson, George J. Wirth, S. P. Specce and W. H. Ortman, all Pennsylvania employes and leading men in the Royal Arcanum, will go to Forest, Ohio, this evening to attend a public installation of officers of that order. The affair will close with a grand banquet.

Tracklaying on the extension of the Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf is progressing at the rate of one mile a day between Pattensburg and Trenton, Mo., and in four months it is expected the entire line will be opened for business. A line will then be established to Omaha through its connection with the Omaha and St. Louis.

ATTENTION, SHOPMEN,

And Readers of the Shop News,

A. F. Schoch will make you any Suit or Overcoat in the house for ACTUAL COST until February 1st.
41½ W. MAIN ST.
Open until 8 p. m. 4-eod-9t

"THE MAN FROM GALWAY."

Benefit Entertainment at Library Hall Tomorrow Evening.

An entertainment will be given at Library Hall tomorrow evening for the benefit of Billy Williams, the noted comedian, and his family. Billy has scores of friends among the people of this city and as he will appear himself in his own comedy, "The Man From Galway," something out of the ordinary may be looked for. Billy appears in the role of Pat McCann, who hires out to humor a demented woman, and the piece is full of funny situations and ridiculous climaxes. The following numbers will be rendered by local talent:

Overture.......Tippecanoe Mandolin club
Selection.......Miss Agnes Studer
Whistling solo.......F. C. Kaley
Song and dance.......E. J. Lennon
Billy Williams, in his famous black face, song and dance specialty, entitled, "Counting Johnson."
Solo.......Miss Lizzie Salmons
Song.......Frank Hoban
"Parody King".......Harry Fitzgerald, Late of "The Brownies."
Mandolin and guitar selections.......
Solo.......The Misses Tanney
Selections.......F. C. Kaley
.......Tippecanoe Mandolin club

The second part is the comedy entitled "The Man From Galway," with the following cast of characters: P. E. Bresnahan as the husband; Mrs. Edith Williams as the wife, subject to fits of emotional insanity; F. X. Salfier as Mr. Johnny-go-East, who is not real; Clem Webber as a downtrodden comedian; Billy Williams as the man from Galway.

IS ENGLAND DISAPPEARING?

Five Miles of Coast in Kent Swallowed Up by the Sea.

This is a serious question: Is England disappearing? Readers may pucker up their lips and ejaculate "Absurd!" says the London Tit-Bits, but facts nevertheless remain and show pretty clearly that England is positively disappearing and may in years to come be marked on the map as a vanished isle.

On the coast the sea is encroaching upon the land at an astonishing rate. Seaside towns and villages, holiday resorts, are gradually being eaten up and the inhabitants driven inland. In many parts the sea runs upon a beach which was once far inland. In other cases churches which were at one time far from the sea now stand at the edge of cliffs and have the sea lapping almost at their doors.

The Goodwin sands, about five miles off the coast of Kent, were at one time a portion of the mainland itself and the property of Earl Goodwin. But the sea has swallowed them up.

The coast of Norfolk is minus three villages which it once possessed—Shipden, Eccles and Wimpwell—all of which have been taken into the arms of the encroaching ocean. The Cromer of today stands miles inland of the original Cromer.

Auburn and Harlburn, two Yorkshire villages, once promised to develop into seaport towns of considerable importance; but, like the will of the Canute, the will of the inhabitants of these villages was ignored by the rising sea, and Auburn and Harlburn now exist in mere names and sand banks.

Dunwich, on the coast of Suffolk, is gradually being swallowed up. Every now and then the inhabitants move a distance inland, rebuild their houses and shops and wait patiently and philosophically for the next "notice to quit" from the sea. Many other seaside places have suffered or are suffering a similar fate.

It may be argued, on the other hand, that some seaside towns are gradually becoming inland, towns by the failure of the sea to "come up to mark" and running out only to run in for a shorter distance. Winchelsea, Sandwich, Rye and Southport are all suffering in this way. Winchelsea and Rye were originally two of our cinque ports, but the sea has left them standing high and dry. Sandwich was once a highly important seaport town. It now stands two or three miles inland.

The sea is leaving Southport quite in the lurch, so much so indeed that the inhabitants have had to sink extensive lakes down on the beach to keep the sea from running off altogether and leaving merely an ordinary inland town.

But the extension of our island in this way is very much less than the encroachment of the sea at other points, and while our land is certainly becoming more extensive in one direction it is contracting, and with much greater rapidity, in some other. And the ultimate effect may be that our mountain peaks may form small islands and eventually be pointed out by posterity as "the position in which Great Britain is reputed to have stood."

A Swell Pera Beggar.

Several beggars in Pera own a large amount of property. One well known man has houses worth 10,000 lire, and yet is to be seen begging in filthy rags. A poor governess, who was very charitable, used to give him a plaster twice a week. One day she missed a lira (pound) and thought she must have given it to the beggar by mistake. He had gone home for the day, so she followed him to his house on the Taxime. He received her graciously, looking like a pasha at least in his magnificent robes. "I never like to lose a good client," he said, and sent for his bag of takings. "If there's a lira here, we shall find it." Sure enough, the lira was there. "Take it," he continued, and the poor girl, full of thanks, was hurrying away when the beggar stopped her. "Wait a moment; you haven't given me the plaster."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Flies.

The astonishing abundance of flies during the latter part of the summer is accounted for by the estimate made by an eminent entomologist that the progeny of a single house fly in the course of one summer will number 2,080,320. If it were not for the innumerable enemies provided by nature for the destruction of the fly, the whole air would be filled by the end of August with swarms of flies, which would render life insupportable.

Spoken Indirectly.

"Jeer at me if you will," shrieked the horse in impotent anger as the trolley shot by, "but I will not be cowed!"

The zeitgeist, however, bethinking himself of the nearby canned corn beef factory, smiled pityingly.—New York Press.

Witchcraft in the Nineteenth Century.

Most people believe that witchcraft among civilized people ended when the "Salem witch mania" ran its course and died out in the year 1692. It did, as far as America is concerned, except among savages, but in other countries the belief in the superstition did not die until a much later date, even if it can be truly said to be dead now. In France an old beggar was tortured to death as late as 1807 on the charge of being one who "communed with evil spirits," and in Spain a witch was burned in 1808. In 1850 in France a man and his wife tortured a suspected witch to death, and nothing at all was done with them by the criminal courts on account of the lingering belief in sorcery. Four years [illegible] a witch was drowned in England, and in 1860 one was burned in Mexico. In 1874, 1879, 1880 and again in 1889 witches were publicly burned in Russia and even as late as 1890 regular judicial trials of witches were held in Prussia, Poland and Austria-Hungary.—St. Louis Republic.

An Altered Case.

Father—Upon my word, I am simply ashamed of you. How dare you go fighting with your little friend, Fred?

Son—It was his own fault. He said my father was baldheaded.

Father—Johnnie, I think under the circumstances I must forgive you. Go and tell Jane to give you a large piece of cake and an orange.—London Answers.

A DELECTABLE LAND.

Over the hills and far away
There are dreadful dragons that knights may slay—
Great, snorting dragons, with brazen scales
And wings of leather and coiling tails—
But if you're the proper kind of knight,
With a suit of mail and a sword that's bright,
You may whip these dragons and win the day
Over the hills and far away.

Over the hills and far away
There are ogres living in castles gray,
With a horn to blow and the drawbridge down,
And the ogres to flow and stamp and frown.
But it doesn't do to be frightened; no.
You must face them boldly and strike a blow,
And then you marry the Princess May
Over the hills and far away.

Over the hills and far away
There are fairy monarchs in grand array,
With gnomes and pixies and brownies, too,
And, my, the marvelous things they do!
But though they startle you just a bit
They will help a lot who is sharp of wit,
And it's fun to watch when they dance and play
Over the hills and far away.

Over the hills and far away
You may have an excellent time, I say.
There are golden islands and magic springs
And jabberwockies and heaps of things.
You can't be dull in a land like that,
With enchanted boots and a talking cat.
So is it a wonder you long to stray
Over the hills and far away?
—Felix Leigh in St. Nicholas.

The Shepherd and His Sheep.

A gentleman and his wife traveling in the Holy Land, while resting by the roadside became interested in a shepherd as he sought to lead his flock over a stream. In vain he called to his sheep to follow him through the shallow waters, and again and again he coaxed them on. They would come so far and no farther. At last, as a final resort, he caught a little lamb and bore it to the other side. Immediately the dam followed, and then the entire flock crossed safely to better pastures and cooler shade. There was a lesson in that little incident for the two travelers. It had been necessary in their case, too, that the Good Shepherd should bear their only child across the stream in order to draw them closer to him. But their hearts had rebelled against the will of God, and they had sought to bury their sorrow in distraction. As the meaning of the lesson came more fully upon them they accepted the great truth it taught, and not only did they find healing for their own broken hearts and shattered hopes, but were used of God in bringing hope and comfort into many another burdened and darkened life.—Dwight L. Moody in Ladies' Home Journal.

Must Be an Astrologer.

Ignorant people think that an astronomer is also an astrologer. Sir John Herschel once received a letter asking him to cast the writer's horoscope. Another letter writer requested the distinguished astronomer to consult the stars and answer these two questions, "Shall I marry?" and "Have I seen her?"

Maria Mitchell records in her journal that on an Atlantic steamer an Irish woman, learning that she was an astronomer, asked her what she could tell. Miss Mitchell answered that she could tell when the moon would rise, when the sun would rise, and when there would be an eclipse of the moon or of the sun.

"Oh," exclaimed the disappointed woman in a tone which plainly said, "Is that all?" She expected to have her fortune told.

Once in a town not far from Boston, during a very mild winter, a lad, driving a team, called out to Miss Mitchell on the street, saying, "I want to ask you a question, Miss Mitchell." She stopped. He asked, "Shall we lose our ice crop this winter?"—Youth's Companion.

The Primula.

Many amateur gardeners have found themselves troubled with temporary skin complaints without being able in the least to account for them. The cause has at last been traced to one of the most popular of decorative flowers, the primula. Some, if not all, of the varieties of this plant contain a poison in minute quantities in their leaves.

An Explanation.

Guile—I wonder why it is that so many men get intoxicated when they get in a tight place, instead of retaining all of their faculties for a supreme effort?

Quay—Perhaps it is so they will see a greater number of ways out.—Chicago News.

The present king of Norway and Sweden, Oscar II, ascended the throne Sept. 12, 1872. Including the present king, Sweden and Norway have enjoyed the rule of 47 sovereigns.

The cacti of New Mexico and Arizona flourish best in the driest soils. A cactus will grow in sand which is so dry as to rise in clouds of dust at the least breeze.

The Hebrew tradition ascribed the invention of weights and measures to Cain, those of Egypt to Theuth, those of Greece to Hermes.

Locusts are mentioned as one of the plagues of Egypt brought upon the land of the pharaohs by Moses and Aaron in 1491 B. C.

The purple columbine, in both England and Scotland, is symbolic of determination.

There are 532 knots of ocean travel between Halifax and New York.

Desperate.

Wild Eyed Man—I want some soothing sirup.

Chemist—What sized bottle?

Wild Eyed Man—Bottle! I want a keg! It's twins!—Pick Me Up.

DANGER IN SODA.

Serious Results Sometimes Follow Its Excessive Use.

Common soda is all right in its place and indispensable in the kitchen and for cooking and washing purposes, but it was never intended for medicine, and people who use it as such will some day regret it.

We refer to the common use of soda to relieve heartburn or sour stomach, a habit which thousands of people practice almost daily, and one which is fraught with danger; moreover the soda only gives temporary relief and in the end the stomach trouble gets worse and worse.

The soda acts as a mechanical irritant to the walls of the stomach and bowels and cases are on record where it accumulated in the intestines, causing death by inflammation or peritonitis.

Dr. Harlandson recommends as the safest and surest cure for sour stomach (acid dyspepsia) an excellent preparation sold by druggists under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. These tablets are large 20 grain lozenges, very pleasant to taste and contain the natural acids, peptones, and digestive elements essential to good digestion, and when taken after meals they digest the food perfectly and promptly before it has time to ferment, sour and poison the blood and nervous system.

Dr. Wuerth states that he invariably uses Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in all cases of stomach derangements and finds them a certain cure not only for sour stomach, but by promptly digesting the food they create a healthy appetite, increase flesh and strengthen the action of the heart and liver. They are not a cathartic, but intended only for stomach diseases and weakness and will be found reliable in any stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

All druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50 cts. per package.

A little book describing all forms of stomach weakness and their cure mailed free by addressing the Stuart Co. of Marshall, Mich.

Ladies Who Value
A refined complexion must use Pozzoni's Powder. It produces a soft and beautiful skin.

BRASS BAND
Instruments, Drums, Uniforms, Equipments for Bands and Drum Corps. Lowest prices ever quoted. Fine Catalog, 400 Illustrations, mailed free; it gives Band Music & Instructions for Amateur Bands.
LYON & HEALY,
Cor. Adams St. and Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Olive Branch—The Wonderful Specific for all Female Complaints.
Cost only $1 for a month's treatment. Ladies cure themselves in the privacy of their own homes. For 10 days free treatment and information about female complaints address, DR. KILMER & CO., South Bend, Ind.
For sale by Gross & Pellens, 52 Calhoun St.

WANTED.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework, at 99 East Wayne St. 391

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 20 West Creighton avenue. 328

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework at 122 West Berry street. 263

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Call at 324 West Washington St. 252

WANTED—Two boys to learn grinding and machine trade, at 19 Barr street.

WANTED—Dressmaking and family sewing. Children's costumes a specialty. Northwest corner Holton Ave. and Julia St. 249

WANTED—A situation by a young married man, who is willing to do any kind of work. Please address "W. H. H.," care Sentinel. 341

WANTED—Three or five furnished rooms for light housekeeping, for three adults; must be centrally located. Address, 66, care Sentinel.

WANTED—Call at the Associated Charities office if you want to hire laboring men or women to do washing or cleaning. Room No. 8 City Hall; telephone, 445. tf

WANTED—Agents, ladies and gentlemen. Salary [illegible] per month; 8 hours for day's work. Call or address J. W. Barnes, Room 6 Aveline, Fort Wayne. 10eod6t

WANTED—Horses to keep for winter. Good care provided, and good feed. Apply to Wm. Wilkens, one mile northeast of Lake Everett, Lake township, or address, Fort Wayne Postoffice. 9-10t

WANTED—Man to travel, look after and appoint agents. Good route, salary and expenses, references, chance to advance, steady position if satisfactory; addressed envelope for reply. Office Nos. 702 and 703 Dearborn St., Chicago. 312

WANTED—Ladies to know this is positively your last chance to learn this new and wonderful French dress cutting machine. Call at once, as my stay will be short. Arcade, room 22. Opening and evening. Wanted, lady to manage the agency for city.

WANTED—Here is a splendid chance for anyone wanting to learn the barber trade. It requires but eight weeks. Complete outfit of tools given each student. Good demand for graduates. Constant practice and proper instructions save two years apprenticeship. No opportunity can improve this one. Send for our 1897 catalogue. Moler's Barber School, 20 South Clark St., Chicago. 10t

$100.00 to $2,500.00 to loan on first mortgage farm or city property. A few small sums on approved personal security. Address, Bayless Smith, box 241, city. 246

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Job printer's complete outfit; two printing presses cheap. Call at 29 East Columbia street. 366

FOR SALE OR TRADE—If you want to buy, sell or trade your farm, or exchange for Fort Wayne property, or loan money on long time at 6 per cent, call on S. Friestater, 5 and 6 Bank block. [illegible]

FOR SALE—Thoroughly well built cottage homes on Oliver and Smith streets, close to Creighton avenue, east; monthly payments; complete with city water and natural gas. Apply, H. M. Williams. 201

FOR SALE OR TRADE—One 160 acre farm, one 80 acre farm, one 60 acre farm, two 40 acre farms, one 62 acre farm, four 40 acre farms, one 10 acre farm and one 7 acre truck patch. For particulars call on E. C. Niswonger & Co., 33 Calhoun street, upstairs. tf

FOR SALE.—SPECIAL.—7 room house, full lot, in Bloomingdale; price, $900; payment $7.00 per month. Some of the best farms in the county to exchange for city property. Also farms for sale at one-half their value. City property at your own price. Notes bought and sold. Money to loan on first mortgage at 6 per cent. Will accept part pay out at interest paying time.
15-tf
SOUTS & BOWERS, Room 22, Bank Block.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, modern conveniences, 100 East Berry street. 217

FOR RENT—An excellent storeroom on Calhoun street. Apply, Sentinel office. tf

FOR RENT—Rooms, furnished or unfurnished, from $2.00 to $10.00 per month, at 232 Calhoun street. 241

FOR RENT—Two delightful office rooms, centrally located; rent reasonable. Apply at Sentinel office. 201

FOR RENT—With board, one large, nicely furnished front room, suitable for two, at 25 West Lewis street. 212

FOR RENT—Suit of nicely furnished rooms with conveniences, suitable for light housekeeping. Call or address, 126 E. Wayne St. 212

FOR RENT—Dwelling, No. 325 South Calhoun street; 8 rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, gas for light and heat, chandeliers in each room. Rent, per month, $16. 241

FOR RENT—No. 6 East Wayne, directly opposite Fruit House, just vacated by O. S. Dental Association; large roomy house, suitable for business or residence or both combined, dental parlors, doctor's offices or for publishing rooms. Apply, H. M. Williams. 201

FOR RENT—Dwellings No. 110 West Wayne street, No. 62 McClellan street, No. 27 Maple avenue, 201 W. Jefferson street, No. 125 Franklin avenue, No. 1 Brookside; rooms at No. 59 and 63 West Superior street; dwelling on New Haven avenue, near new yards; No. 256 South Calhoun street, No. 200 West Wald street; No. 261 Lafayette street, No. 212 West DeWald street, No. 22 St. Mary's avenue; store rooms, 11 East Main street and 203 Calhoun street.
tf
SCHAEFER & WILSON, 7 Court street, first floor.

LOST.

LOST OR STRAYED—A white Beagle female dog, brown head with white stripe; a reward will be paid for her return to 18 Hoffman or 50 East Columbia street. 241

LOST—Black Gordon setter female pup, with a white foot and breast. Anyone returning to [illegible] address on collar, will be rewarded. P. W. Kelsey, 3 Highland avenue. 12t

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHERY.
Office and Residence, 26 Madison St.
Specialty—Diseases of women.
Hours—8 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.
Telephone 470.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY YOUR SKATES

We have just received a complete line of

Ladies' and Men's Skates

From the cheapest to the VERY BEST at the LOWEST PRICES; also the latest skate sharpner.

Call and see us before you buy

...SKATES...

Pfeiffer & Schlatter,
38 & 40 E. Columbia St.

J. C. PELTIER,
Undertaker and Embalmer.
17 West Wayne Street

H. D. WEISELL
DENTIST
34 & 36 Calhoun St.

F. J. ZIMMERLY & CO.,
Practical Plumbers,
Gas and Steam Fitters.
NO. 135 CALHOUN STREET

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MUSICAL DIRECTOR.

MRS. N. B. MATHERS,
Formerly Mrs. A. Dodge,
TEACHER PIANO AND GUITAR,
Room 12 Schmitz Block.
Piano music furnished for all occasions.

DRUGGISTS.

GROSS & PELLENS,
DRUGGISTS,
Corner Calhoun and Wayne Streets. Phone 16.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital $200,000. Surplus $225,000.
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank,
Capital and Surplus, $240,000.
Pays 3 per cent interest per annum on time deposits.
Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. WM. D. RUHL,
Office and Residence 432 Calhoun Street,
Hours:—7 to 9 a. m.; 12 to 2 p. m.; 6 to 9 p. m.
Telephone 272.

DR. B. GARD—To ladies, suffering from ailments peculiar to their sex, may consult me free of charge at my office, 13 W. Wayne Street. Telephone 243.

DR. JNO. J. OGLE.
Stomach, Liver, Bowel, Kidney, Bladder.
All Catarrh and Nervous Diseases Treated.
Residence 237 East Creighton Avenue.
Telephone 332.

DR. S. J. DERBYSHIRE.
Diseases of the Nose, Throat and Lungs a Specialty.
OFFICE: No. 6 and 7 Schmitz Block.
Office Hours—9 to 12 a.m. 2 to 4 p.m. 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 325. Fort Wayne, Indiana

DR. H. W. NEISWONGER,
Physician and Surgeon.
Specialist in all Acute or Chronic diseases. Special attention given to all private diseases and Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys. Office 22 Calhoun street, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Office Hours: from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

DR. H. G. ALGER.
Skin Diseases a Specialty.
OFFICE HOURS:
10 to 12 }
2 to 4 } Office Telephone 122,
7 to 8 } Residence Telephone 291.
Offices 7 & 8 Schmitz Block. Fort Wayne, Ind.

INSURANCE.

JAMES E. GRAHAM,
...LAWYER...
ABSTRACTOR OF
Titles, Insurance, Collecting and Loan Agent.
Rooms 26 and 28 Bank Block. Fort Wayne, Ind.

S. C. LUMBARD,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.
Aveline House Block.

D. C. FISHER.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans.
No. 22 East Berry Street,
Fort Wayne, Indiana

HAPPY

Happy New Year to All.

The Cheery News

To the Fort Wayne Public.

All Over This Big Store

GOODS AT COST.

Sale starts Saturday, January second, and embraces every department--giving to the shopping people of this city more goods and a better class of goods than they have ever had the good fortune to pick from.

One Point of Remembrance

This sale is strictly a benefit one to you.
No goods will be charged to anyone.
All sales will be strictly for cash.

---The stocks of goods we are going to offer at this Cost Sale are new and clean, up-to-date. All stocks during the sale will be kept full. You will always get what you are after.

One Prominent Feature of This Great Sale

WILL BE

Housekeeping Linens.

This annual sale of Linens will start on the same day.

All Housekeeping Linens

Will be sold at less prices than at any other time during the entire year. It takes weeks and months of preparations in the buying for this annual sale, securing elegant Linens at low prices. Saturday will find all in readiness.

There will be Unmatched Linen Selling.
Unmatched Bargains in Table Damasks.
Unmatched Bargains in Table Setts.
Unmatched Bargains in Towels.
Unmatched Bargains in Napkins.
Unmatched Bargains in White Quilts.

All the common, every day Dry Goods necessities. Cotton Sheetings, Tickings, Shirtings, Flannels, Underwear, Ginghams and small notions,

WILL BE SOLD AT COST.

ROOT & CO.

SAVE YOUR MONEY

By Depositing It With the
Allen County Loan & Savings Association,
32 East Berry Street.

Try our New Plan. Shares $1.00 each per month. Matures in seventy-seven months. No Fines or Membership Fee.

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, Rooms 6-7, Bass Blk. 2tf

Charles Rittman and George Knox, of Concordia college, spent the Sabbath at Huntington.

First January Clearance Sale!

This Sale lasts until February 1st. Nothing will be sold at more than cost, while many prices are less than cost.

All Cloaks and Furs at HALF PRICE.

This Sale means much to the people of this vicinity.

It means no Bankrupt Sale of Old Goods at Full Prices.

It means no Receiver's Sale of shop-worn, out-of-style Goods at High Prices.

It means the Best Bargains ever given to the public.

We are here to stay, and will not attempt to deceive you. We cannot and will not be undersold.

Agents for McCall's Bazaar Patterns. Nothing over 15 cents.

DUNN & TAFT.

START

THE NEW YEAR RIGHT.

You'll enjoy life better if you have an..........

EVERETT

To help you forget your troubles. For further particulars on this subject, see

CUY CONKLIN,

34 E. Berry Street.

The Evening Sentinel.

MONDAY, JAN. 4, 1897.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office - - - - - - - - No. 125.
Editorial Rooms - - - - - - - - No. 650.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—For Indiana: Snow flurries and colder tonight; Tuesday, partly cloudy and continued cold; brisk to high southwest to west winds.

NEWS NOTES.

Rev. Paschall is ill.

W. E. Gowdy has gone to Toledo.

Joe Bursley returned to Ann Arbor today.

George E. Orff left for Dayton, Ohio, today.

Miss Kate Bowen is the guest of Miss Blanche Lockridge, at Peru.

Mr. and Mrs. Ullmer entertained a few friends at dinner on New Year's.

Charles Bondman spent Sunday at Columbia City the guest of Christian Miller.

Miss Edna Ross delightfully entertained friends at cards on Saturday evening.

John K. Ferguson and Earl Palmer left this morning on a business trip to Wisconsin.

Mrs. M. Deardorf, of Columbia City, who was visiting in the city, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. William Shane, of Mishawaka, Ind., are visiting Mail Carrier W. G. Stahl.

T. J. Twining is visiting his sisters, Mrs. J. Lininger and Mrs. W. E. Callison at Huntington.

Miss Emma Nix, of the Strodel dry goods store at Huntington, visited friends here over Sunday.

Messrs. Barnes and Fenald, who were guests of Ronald Dawson, have returned to Purdue university.

Geo. F. Kollar, the bartender at Doolittle's, has resigned to accept a similar position with H. N. Gilbert.

Masters Walter and Herbert Miller have returned from a visit with their grandparents in Columbia City.

There will be special revival services in the Simpson M. E. church every night this week. All are welcome.

Miss Anna Zollars, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Guapper, left today for her home at Huntington.

Miss Bessie Jefferson entertained a number of guests New Year's evening in celebration of her nineteenth birthday.

There will be a meeting of Sol D. Bayless lodge No. 359, F. & A. M., tonight for the purpose of conferring the third degree.

The Bimetallic union will meet tonight at 8 o'clock in the city hall. A number of addresses have been prepared for the occasion.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Barney, 270 West Wayne street—a son. Mr. Barney is of the Perfection Manufacturing company.

Mrs. C. L. Harmeyer, of 5 Gay street, has returned from Elkhart where she has been visiting for two weeks with her sister, Mrs. Minnie Weigand.

The Ladies' Aid society of the south side will meet tomorrow afternoon at the residence of Mrs. J. A. Sheppard, corner of Harrison and Allen streets.

Miss Mamie Allman, of Pierceton, a daughter of Rev. J. B. Allman formerly of Trinity M. E. church in the city, is visiting Misses Lulu and Ollie Archer, of the north side.

Miss Clara Bennett, the daughter of Rev. Dr. Bennett, left today for Chicago to enter the training school for deaconess, where she will take a course of instruction for that work.

The Perfection Manufacturing company have added a specialty in the way of dies, press work, gear cutting and special grinding at their works, corner of Superior and Spy Run avenue.

A very pleasant surprise was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Cartwright, of Fruch street, in honor of Miss Tura Koehler, who will leave for her home in Upper Sandusky, Ohio.

The Fortnightly club will meet tonight to listen to a paper by Dr. M. F. Porter, on "The Doctor in Literature." The discussion will be lead by Mesdames R. S. Taylor, C. T. Lane, Prof. A. B. Crowe and Alexander Johnson.

Miss Frankie Eldred entertained friends New Year's evening at progressive pedro. The ladies' prize was won by Miss Irma Seaney and the gentlemen's prize by Will Birbeck. Miss Maud Poyser and Andy McKahn won the consolation prizes.

Those who have returned to their respective colleges after the vacation are the following: Misses Artina Chapin, Mary Walton, Helen Knight and her guest, Miss Hope, Emma Rurode, Emily Hoffman and her cousin, Miss Evans; Messrs. Fred Shoaff, Creighton Williams, Tabor Hamilton, George Cressler, Alfred Cressler and Ronald Perman.

Matthew E. Johnson, of the south side, was called to Bluffton last Saturday by a telegram stating that his brother, Abraham W. Johnston, was lying at the point of death at his home near that city. The sick man is one of the oldest residents of Wells county, having resided there over sixty years and most of that time on the farm he now lives upon. He is eighty-four years old.

No Advance on Sugar.

Good Brown Sugar, 3c lb.
Extra C Yellow, 3½c lb.
Standard Coffee A, 4c lb.
Standard Granulated, 4½c lb.
Cut Loaf and Powdered, 4½c lb.

FRUIT HOUSE.

S. M. Foster is in New York city on business.

A. C. Gocke has returned home from a visit at Lafayette.

E. H. and E. L. Poltlitzer, of Lafayette, spent Sunday in the city.

There are now six cases of diphtheria in the city under quarantine.

Miss Hattie Brown has accepted a position with the Home Telephone company.

Father Anthony council, No. 500, C. B. L., will install officers Wednesday evening.

The Woman's Reading club will meet Tuesday, Jan. 12, with Mrs. O. P. Morgan.

Gregg Davis has returned from Findlay, Ohio, where he has been spending the holidays.

The board of public works meets this afternoon, but there is no business of importance now pending.

Mrs. W. P. Cooper and son, Master Brown, have returned from a visit at Lafayette and Thorntown, Ind.

Prof. Julius Stuermer, of Purdue university, who has been visiting friends in this city, returned to Lafayette.

Dr. S. B. Brown, who has been very seriously ill, was worse last night, and is reported to be better today.

A new diphtheria case was reported from the family of Mr. Kabisch, at 180 West DeWald street, this morning.

The Epworth league of the Wayne street M. E. church will hold a business meeting tonight after the church services.

Cornelius Smith has returned from a visit of several days at Richmond, Ill., with his sister, Mrs. Rev. Sidney C. Bennett.

H. F. Scheiman, of Grand Rapids, who spent New Year's in the city the guest of his mother, returns to his home this afternoon.

The Apollo Musical society will rehearse in Sons of Columbus hall tomorrow evening at 7:30. Very important business will be transacted.

Mrs. C. Whetstone and her sons, Ambrose and Sylvester, of Huron, Ohio, returned to their home today, having spent the holidays with Mrs. Methear.

Edward Page Gaston, having recently returned from Cuba, will on Thursday evening deliver a lecture on Cuba, the Pearl of the Antilles, at the Y. M. C. A. hall.

Henry Paulsen and Miss Minnie Strasburg have returned from Tipton, Ind., where they were the guests of Rev. and Mrs. Buster, on South Independence street.

A number of gold democrats in this city have received an invitation to attend a banquet to be held at Chicago on Jackson day, January 8. The price of tickets is $6 each.

Judge Samuel W. Courtright, who has been spending a few days visiting his daughter, Mrs. E. F. Dunn, of West Berry street, has returned to his home at Circleville, Ohio.

Mrs. Edwin Conover, who has been residing with Mrs. Sutton, of 210 West Creighton avenue, has left for Van Wert, Ohio, to join her husband, who has gone into business at that place.

This is the week of prayer all over christendom, and there will be special services every night this week in most of the churches. The special topic for this evening is "Humiliation and Thanksgiving."

Messrs. Louis and Charles Schroeder, who have been at Hot Springs, Ark., for several weeks, have returned home. Charles Schroeder, who was treated for a severe case of rheumatism, is improving.

Roland Walker, of 138 Home street, entertained a party of young friends last Saturday evening in honor of Misses Nellie Aker and Edith Ryan, of Cosse. The evening was delightfully spent in card playing and other games. Refreshments were served at 11 p. m.

The Young Men's society of St. Paul's Catholic church held a meeting yesterday and an election of officers. The following were chosen: President, Otto Gunkel; vice president, C. Kess; secretary, F. Schilling; treasurer, T. Brinker; ushers, Otto Gunkel, Frank Hill and T. Brinker.

At a meeting Sunday afternoon the Young Men's Sodality of the Cathedral elected the following officers for the year 1897: Prefect, George Libot; first assistant, Edward O'Keefe; second assistant, Richard Keough; secretary, Theodore C. Dolane; treasurer, Joseph Dolan; sacristan, Henry C. Graffe.

Dr. Charles S. Ried's condition is not so serious as reported in some of the city papers. He was troubled with insomnia and had taken a hypodermic injection to induce sleep. While under the influence of the drug he wandered from home. He is now at Hope hospital and is rapidly improving. He will be taken home the latter part of the week.

Saturday evening a very pleasant progressive pedro party was given by Mr. and Mrs. Owen Corcoran at their home, 177 South Harrison street, in honor of Miss Bertha Hall, of Kendallville. At 10 o'clock lunch was served, after which all enjoyed several well rendered piano selections by Miss Kalbacher. The first prize was captured by Miss Golden and the consolation prize by Miss Markey.

Miss Flo Miller, formerly of Fort Wayne, but now at Ashland, Ky., where she holds the position of cashier and bookkeeper for E. W. Strack's hardwood lumber establishment, having spent the holidays with her sisters and relatives in this city and vicinity, has returned to take up the duties of her situation again, which she has so long performed to the entire satisfaction of her employer.

Ben Hur lodge, No. 96, installs officers tonight.

The Westminster Brotherhood meets this evening.

Fort Wayne lodge, No. 14, I. O. O. F., will install officers this evening.

Members of Wayne council 23 will hold an election of officers tonight.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph D. Smith, of No. 24 Marion street—an eight pound boy.

Mrs. James Davidson, of Colburn, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henderson, of No. 6 Brandriff street.

John A. Volts and Myrtle Boyce, James Archibald and Della Maples have been licensed to wed.

Mrs. John Ensley, of Elida, Ohio, who has been the guest of his son, Dr. William Ensley, has returned home.

John Campbell and daughter returned to Chicago today, after a holiday visit with the family of E. T. Campbell.

Theodore Scheiman, a student at Purdue, returned to that institution today. He spent the holidays with his relatives in this city.

Mrs. A. B. White, who has been very seriously ill, is greatly improved in health and her friends hope for a speedy return to health.

The basket ball teams of the Young Women's Christian association which usually meet at 7 o'clock will meet at 6:30 during the week of Prayer.

Dr. H. W. Bennett will hold week of prayer services every night this week at the Wayne street M. E. church and preach on the "Acts of the Apostles."

Mrs. George Kehler was the victim of a most unfortunate accident yesterday. She tripped and fell down stairs, badly bruising her left shoulder and dislocating one of the fingers of her right hand.

The special exercises intended for the meeting this evening of the Society of Bookkeepers has been postponed two weeks on account of extra work to the members incident to the close of the year. There will, however, be an interesting meeting for the members.

A pleasant surprise party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Welker, of No. 19 Hoffman street. The following guests were present: Mr. and Mrs. Napp, Mr. and Mrs. Fulton, Mrs. Klett, Misses Rosa Kane, Carrie Snyder, Lillian Hale, Nellie Gross, Lyda Hurter, Messrs. H. Miller, F. Bowker, G. Smeads, J. Holman, E. Wenham, F. Driftmeyer, J. Smickley, T. Togmeyer and W. Lutz.

The police have been working on a case of swindling which seems to have been successfully worked in this city by misrepresenting the Miner studio. Tickets were sold for fifty cents entitling the holder to a dozen photographs on payment of seventy-five cents additional. The fellows had no connection with the Miner studio and did not even have the correct number on the tickets. Mr. Miner says, however, that he will redeem them.

Superintendent Gorsline, of the police department, and Chief Hilbrecht, of the fire department, are out on an inspection tour this afternoon. The chief object of their inspection will be a building on the corner of Highland and Calhoun streets, known as the Coar block. Hyman Brothers have a manufacturing business on the first floor and the third floor is let for dances. It is said that while the dance is in progress the building rocks and shakes in a fearful manner and that it is unsafe.

THE COURTS.

Damage Suit—Two Divorce Cases Begun.

Thomas H. Groves has begun suit in the superior court for $2,000 damages against Henry G. Niermann and Mary Centlivre. The case is a result of the difficulty between the parties as given in THE SENTINEL of Saturday.

The county commissioners granted a number of liquor licenses today. They refused a license to Eugene Lopshire, of Maysville, because he had not given the proper publication in the newspapers. There is no remonstrance against Kennedy, who runs the Moriarty place near the cemetery, and he will probably get a license.

Judge Hench has begun suits in the superior court asking that Edna Francisco be divorced from Samuel Francisco and Maud Woodruff from Andrew Woodruff.

LEFT HER DIAMONDS.

Mrs. Selig Loses $5,000 in Jewelry and $500 Cash in an Indianapolis Hotel.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 4.—Manager Cullen, of the Dennison house, and Police Superintendent Colbert have received telegrams from Mrs. Emil Selig, of Philadelphia, saying that a bag containing her jewelry, valued at about $5,000, and $600 in cash had been left in a room she occupied while attending a wedding here Thursday.

Detectives visited the hotel and made careful inquiry, but no clew to the missing valuables could be obtained. The employes at the hotel were questioned, but none admitted any knowledge whatever of the jewelry. Mrs. Selig left Saturday at 11:30 for St. Louis, leaving the door of her room open. It was a half hour before the chambermaid was in the room, and anyone might have entered without notice during that time.

The stockholders of the Tri-State Building and Loan Association No. 2 will hold their annual meeting at the office of the association Monday evening, Jan. 11, '97, for the purpose of electing 19 directors to serve for the ensuing year and the transaction of any other business that may regularly come before the meeting.

G. W. PIXLEY,
Pres. and Cor. Sec'y.
447

NOTICE.

The following Merchant Tailors will close at 6 p. m., during January and February, excepting Saturdays and 16th and 17th:

J. G. THIEME & SON,
FRED HARDUNG,
G. SCHMIDT,
J. W. FOWLES,
H. MEYERS,
J. G. GRIMME & SON,
A. F. SCHOCK & SON,
L. JANTHEIMER & SON,
A. FOSTER,
G. STAUFFER & SON,
THIEME BROS.,
JOHN RABUS. 463

The South Congregational church Kindergarten has opened today. Hours from 1 to 4 p. m. as usual.

The Greatest Grocery

Has received another car load of those fine Michigan potatoes, at 25 cents per bushel.

New York State Apples, $1.15 per bbl.

Large Lump Starch, 3c lb.

AT THE GREATEST.

A RARE CHANCE, GENTLEMEN.

During the month of January we will sell our heavy weight winter clothes for absolute cost to close out and make room for spring stock. We invite an inspection of the finest line of suitings in the city to prove this greatest opportunity of the year.

JOHN RABUS,
The Tailor,
30t12 **16 W. Berry St.**

ALL KINDS OF SPECIALTY WORK.

DIES, PRESS WORK,
FORMING, LATHE WORK,
GEAR CUTTING.

Special Grinding. Work Guaranteed.

PERFECTION MFG. CO.,
Spy Run Ave. and Superior Street.

DURING JANUARY

We will close out our entire stock of Winter Suitings, Overcoatings and Fancy Vestings at actual cost. This is a great chance to obtain seasonable bargains. Take advantage of this sale.

JOHN RABUS,
The Tailor,
30t12 **16 W. Berry St.**

Your hideous moles and superfluous hairs can be permanently removed by electricity by Dr. E. F. Harris, 148 Calhoun street, corner of Jefferson. 21-6t

DRINK

Bursley's Blend or High Grade Coffee.

Save the wrappers and give them to the Fort Wayne Relief Union.
Associated Charities.
St. Vincent De Paul.
G. A. R. Relief.
Y. M. C. A.
Or any organized church or Relief society of Fort Wayne.

We will redeem them until March 1st, 1897 at $1.00 per package of 100 wrappers when presented to us by the authorized agent of the society represented.

2tf **C. E. BURSLEY & CO.**

JNO. S. IRWIN. GEO. U. IRWIN.

IRWIN & IRWIN,

Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

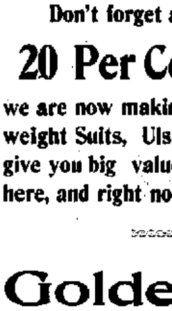
2 and 3 WHITE BLOCK,
Calhoun & Wayne Sts. Fort Wayne, Ind.

A Streak of Luck!

At 176 Calhoun Street,

Where you buy your cooking and heating stoves, your furniture and everything else at "Goldstein's" place, opposite the Cathedral. Come and convince yourself. We buy and sell most everything.

A NEW PAIR PANTS



Would make your old suit look like new. We'd just as leave sell you the new suit, but there's satisfaction and economy in "piecing out" the season. We have a big assortment of single pants, and prices have been greatly reduced, which is greatly to your advantage.

Don't forget about the

20 Per Cent Discount

we are now making for cash on all heavy weight Suits, Ulsters and Overcoats. We give you big value for your money--right here, and right now.

Golden & Patterson,

LEADERS OF FASHION.

56 Calhoun Street, Opp. Court House.

The Boston Store.

Dress Goods Bargains!

36-inch All Wool Serge in Black and Colored, at 25c, worth 35c.

40-inch All Wool Novelty Dress Goods at 29c, reduced from 50c.

Great Bargains in Embroidery this week.

Great Bargains in Lace Curtains.

All Ladies' and Gents' Underwear over 25c, sold at actual cost.

All Wool Blankets in Red and Grey, at $2.00, worth $2.75.

Bargains! Bargains in Every Department.

Do your trading at the Boston Store, our prices are always lower than the lowest.

William Hahn & Co.,

THE BOSTON STORE.

IF YOU WANT $10,

$20, $30, $50, $100,

We will give it to you on your furniture, pianos, horses and wagons, etc.
All business private and confidential.
Call for particulars.

INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.

36 Calhoun St., Rooms 5 and 6.

An Additional Discount

Of 6 Per Cent.

Will be made on the following prices, from January 1st to February 15th, 1897.

Suits to Order.

$45.00 Suits for $35.00.
$40.00 Suits for $30.00.
$35.00 Suits for $25.00.
$30.00 Suits for $20.00.
$25.00 Suits for $18.00.
Good Suits for $17.00.

Overcoats to Order

$45.00 Overcoat, $30.00.
$25.00 Overcoat, $20.00.
Fine Overcoats for $17.00 and $18.00.
Good Pantaloons $4.00.

A Perfect Fit Guaranteed,
Or Money Refunded.

A. FOSTER,

Merchant Tailor,

15 West Wayne St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

Big Cut

ON

China and Glassware.

Discount sale to begin Saturday, January 2nd, and continue for one week.

⅓ off on all Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets and staples; also on white china for decorating.

⅓ off on cut glass, vases, jardinieres, bric-a-brac and fancy goods of all kinds.

All sales cash. No goods laid away or exchanged during this sale.

MISS LOWRY,

22 West Berry Street.

MONEY TO LOAN

At Lowest Rates on Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons, Carriages, etc., and leave the property in your possession.

Payments arranged on the weekly or monthly installment plan or to suit your convenience.

Business strictly confidential.

Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,
Room [illegible] Seidel Block, 32½ Calhoun St., Upstairs.

GELLER'S...

FINE CHOCOLATES

..... AT THE......

Chicago Bakery.

FANCY BAKING OF ALL KINDS.

PURE ICE CREAM AND FRUIT ICES.

Telephone 163.

W. F. GELLER.

Every Article.... AT COST

To Enable us to Retire From Business.

Ward's Cheap Crockery Store

No. 8 W. Columbia Street.

"First Battle Lost, But Still in the Field."

I wish to inform the citizens of the city of Fort Wayne and the public that I have the agency for W. J. Bryan's great book and will canvass the city. You can leave an order for a book at 18 Montgomery street. The book contains over 600 pages, at the following prices: Cloth, $1.50; Half Morocco, $2.25; Full Morocco, $2.75.

R. STAHL, Agent.

Fifty dollars to $50,000 to loan on Farm and City Property.

The J. F. Scholl Loan and Investment Co.,
24-25-26-27 Pixley Block, Fort Wayne, Ind. Telephone, 465.

Coal and Wood.

The most reliable and best fuel is Coal or Wood. Don't rely on Natural Gas. Now is the time to buy Coal for winter. Don't wait until the Gas fails. For good quality, low prices and quick delivery, go to

GEO. H. KRUDOP,
Tel. No. 188. Cor. Francis and Hayden Sts.

ALL Suits, Overcoats and Vesting

20 Per Cent. Off.

$25 Suits, Less 20 Per Ct.
30 " " 20 "
35 " " 20 "

No guessing at cost, but you know exactly what you must pay for suits at

THEIME BROS,

Tailors.

Gentlemen Interested!

ANNUAL CLEARING SALE.

THEIME BROS.,

TAILORS,

12 West Berry Street.

100 Pair

of Trousers, ranging in price from $7.00 to $12.00; in this sale $5.00 and $7.

All of our clothes are made ONLY by high class home workmen.

You will feel and everybody will consider you well-dressed if you wear clothes made by

THEIME BROS,

Tailors.